

Crocus Iris

Daffodils, 15c. per doz.; Hyacinths, 50c. per doz.; Tulips, 20c.; Narcissus, 20c. per doz.; Crocus, 50c. per 100.

VICTORIA FLORAL CO.,

33 Fort St.
Store Phone 918 Nursery Phone 285.

The Daily Colonist.

\$6.50 Per Ton
Household Coal
HALL & WALKER
100 Government Street - Phone 23

VOL. XC., NO. 135.

VICTORIA, B.C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1903.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

Have You But a Small Sum to Spare

FOR

Those Xmas Gifts?

And you are anxious that that sum shall secure something which shall be in good taste and received with pleasure? Let us recommend

CHAINS

Ladies' Chains of the most recent design—plain-jewelled, gold, gold-filled, and sterling silver—for brooches and watches, dependable for years of service, graceful in pattern and staunch in wearing qualities, at prices as low as \$2.75. Those new Bead and Ebony Chains are very fashionable and would certainly prove acceptable Xmas gifts. We have marked them as low as \$1.00.

For a gentleman a chain is a most highly appreciated Xmas gift. You will be surprised at the beautiful patterns we are offering at very little prices. Let us lay one aside for you. Xmas Day is drawing near. We urge you to have us do so.

Challoner & Mitchell,
47-49 GOVERNMENT STREET

They are Fine

AND OLD

When you want Wines and Liquors with age and quality combined, remember we sell you the best that can be found.

CALIFORNIA CLARET	25c. Bottle
CALIFORNIA PORT	50c. Bottle
CALIFORNIA SHERRY	50c. Bottle
FRENCH CLARET	50c. Bottle
WATSON'S SCOTCH	\$1.00 Bottle
GUINNESS' STOUT, Quarts	25c. Bottle

Dixie H. Ross & Co. CASH CROCKERS

DO IT NOW

The World is Sad Enough Without Leaky Roofs, Use Good Roofing And Avoid That Trouble.

ELATERITE ROOFING

NEVER WEARS OUT.

FOR SALE BY

The Hickman Tye Hardware Co.,

LIMITED.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C. Sole Agents. Samples and Booklet mailed on application.

STOCK TAKING SALE

Several small lots WALLPAPERS at HALF PRICES, to clear out before stocktaking this month.

J. W. MELLOR & CO., LTD., 78 FORT STREET

CHAMPAGNE

Heldsel's "Dry Monopole," Magnums, Quarts, Pints and 1/4 Pints. Meet & Chandon's "Brut Imperial," Quarts and Pints. Pommery & G. G. Brut, Magnums, Quarts and Pints. Pommery & G. G. Extra Sec and Sec, Magnums, Quarts and Pints. Dry Royal, Carte D'Or, Pints only.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LD., VICTORIA

IMPORTED CHEESE

ENGLISH STILTON, GORGONZOLA, ROQUEFORT.

WHOLESALE BY

Hudson's Bay Co., Victoria, B.C.

London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

of Liverpool, England.

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.

General Agents for British Columbia.

Water Lots For Sale

Two Lots in Inner Harbor. 140 Feet Frontage, Deep Water.

B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd.

40 Government Street.

B. & K. Buckwheat Flour

We are grinding this fresh while you read. Try it. Self-rising or plain.

The Brackman-Ker Milling Co.,

London Greets Royal Visitors

King And Queen of Italy Guests of Lord Mayor Yesterday.

State Pageant Passes Through Streets Beneath Continuous Canopy.

Brilliant Scene in Guildhall Attendant on Corporation Banquet.

London, Nov. 19.—The welcome of King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena of Italy to London, as guests of the Lord Mayor and corporation today, was of a remarkably cordial character. From the moment of their arrival at Paddington, the royal procession passed beneath one long canopy of bright colors and triumphal arches, and the masses of people gave their Majesties a splendid reception. King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena were met at Paddington by Lord Grenfell and the headquarters staff. After a brief inspection of the guard of honor of Grenadiers, whose band welcomed the visitors with the Italian anthem, the King and Queen, attended by the Duke of Portland, entered King Edward's state landau.

Five carriages contained the suite. A sovereign's escort of the Life Guards attended their Majesties and a military contingent, brought up the rear of the royal cavalcade, which, as it left the station, was received with rousing cheers.

Proceeding through Hyde Park, the King and Queen reached the Italian embassy, where was stationed a guard of honor of Garibaldi veterans. Entering the embassy, their Majesties held a reception and received addresses from the Italian colony.

The Italian King and Queen reached the Guildhall without incident. On entering the library their Majesties were greeted by a distinguished gathering, including the Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of Connaught, the Duke and Duchess of Argyll and other members of the royal family, and many cabinet ministers, peers, members of the House of Commons, etc. No diplomats were invited with the exception of the Italian ambassador.

The scene at the Guildhall was very brilliant. The Lord Mayor, Sir James T. Ritchie, met the guests at the entrance of the historic city hall and conducted them to the library where the corporation's address was presented in a gold casket. The banquet was then served. After the Lord Mayor had toasted King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena, his Majesty replied to the Lord Mayor, thanking him in behalf of himself and the Queen for the splendid hospitality extended to them and for the address of welcome.

The Italian King and Queen left the Guildhall amid a fanfare from the city trumpeters and the cheers of the public crowding the thoroughfare without. Their Majesties took a train from Paddington for Windsor.

At the convocation of Oxford University this morning the degree of doctor of civil law was conferred on King Victor Emmanuel.

Shortly after the return to Windsor of the royal personages and their suites, the Italian foreign minister, Signor Tittoni, had a conference with Lord Lansdowne, the British minister of foreign affairs, and later was accorded an audience with King Edward.

The British and Italian sovereigns dined together tonight in the oak room of the castle, the members of their respective suites dining separately.

After the dinner, their Majesties were present at a performance of "David Garrick" in the Waterloo chamber, by Sir Charles Wyndham and his company, given under royal command. The guests numbered two hundred, and were subsequently entertained at supper in St. George's hall.

King Edward and King Victor Emmanuel tonight conferred decorations on some of the members of their respective suites. While King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena were in London, King Edward and Queen Alexandra visited the sale of Irish industry products, which is being held at Windsor. Their Majesties were greeted enthusiastically by the residents of the town.

King Edward and others in the Windsor covers. In the afternoon the Italian sovereign will receive several deputations.

"SCRAP IRON KING'S"

LIBERAL CHARITY

Dealer In Old Iron Leaves Forty Five Thousand Dollars For Charities.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Marks Nathan, the "scrap iron king," whose will has just been filed, left provision for the erection of a synagogue in Jerusalem. He also left instructions that land be purchased in the Holy City and dwellings erected for the free housing of the families of poor and deserving Jews. Out of a total fortune of \$120,000 made in the buying and selling of scrap iron, Mr. Nathan bequeathed \$46,500 to charity. The amount named for expenditure in Jerusalem was \$15,000; an equal sum was set aside for the erection of a Jewish hospital or asylum for Jewish orphans.

Soaps

EXTRA VALUE

Violet Soap, 3 cakes in box, 25c.

Carnation Soap, 3 Cakes in box, 25c.

See our Windows.

TERRY & MARETT

CHEMISTS

S. E. Cor. Fort and Douglas

VICTIM OF EXPLOSION.

Ridgetown, Nov. 19.—William Barclay, injured in explosion at Loez house last week, is dead. This is the third victim of the explosion.

PLANT MAY CLOSE.

Sidney, Nov. 19.—It is said that if the employees of the Dominion Iron and Steel Company decide to strike as a result of the action of the company in reducing wages, the plant will be closed down.

SHERIFF TURNS TRICK.

Takes Money From Railroad Paymaster in Satisfaction of Judgments.

Logansport, Nov. 19.—As Paymaster Saco of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was leaving the First National Bank this morning Sheriff Beckley took from him a valise containing \$2,000 and carried it to the court house when the money was poured out on a table and nearly \$200,000 it seemed to the officer. The sheriff was collecting judgments in favor of Thomas Collins and George Lightseier, who were injured on the Pennsylvania line and were awarded damages in court. Saco was taking the money to a pay car to pay off employees of the road.

Thirty Two Killed In Train Wreck

Fast Freight Dashes Into Work Train With Appalling Result.

Boiler of Engine Explodes Dealing Death And Destruction Around.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 19.—Thirty-two men were killed in a collision of a freight train with a work train on the Big Four road near Minnet, a small station near Tremont, twenty miles from this city, and fifteen or twenty have been injured. The workmen were unloading steel when a freight train dashed around a curve and into the train before they had time to seek a place of safety.

The superintendent of the road has just telephoned in that thirty-two bodies have been recovered, and that more may be under the debris.

The bodies of 20 victims have been taken from the wreck, which is piled 30 feet high on the tracks; five bodies yet remain buried under the huge pile of broken timber, twisted and distorted iron and steel. On a bank at the side of the track lies the body of the victim, a man, who was killed in a horrible manner. So far twelve only have been identified, the remaining being unrecognizable.

All the dead and most of the injured were members of the work train, the crews of both engines jumping in time to save their lives. The collision occurred in a deep cut, at the beginning of a sharp curve, neither train being visible to the crew of the other until they were within fifty feet of each other. The engines, set the brakes, sounded the whistles and leaped from their cabs. The two trains struck with such force that the sound was heard for miles.

A second after the collision the boiler of the train engine exploded, throwing heavy iron bars and splinters of wood two hundred feet.

Conductor John W. Judge, of Indianapolis, who had charge of the freight train, received orders at Urbana to wait for the work train. The collision occurred there at 2:40 p.m. Instead of doing this he failed to stop. The engineer of the work train, Geo. Becker, had also received orders to pass the freight at Mackinaw, and was on his way to that station. After working two hours the remains of 26 men were taken out. One of the last bodies recovered was that of Wm. Bailey, of Mackinaw, who had been lifted 50 feet into the air and held in place by two cables, which had been pushed up between the engine and tender of the work train.

OVERDUE STEAMSHIP.

Atlantic Freighter Sixteen Days Out and Not Reported.

Montreal, Nov. 19.—The steamship Toronto, of the Canadian Ocean and Inland Navigation company is sixteen days out from Newcastle and has not yet been reported in the Gulf. The agents do not consider the delay serious as the ship was reported passing Dunnet Head with her rudder out of order. She has a heavy cargo and is not very fast, so that the delay is not greatly wondered at.

REGIMENT DISBANDED.

Forty-First of Brockville a Disgrace to Canadian Militia and Wiped Out.

Brockville, Nov. 19.—Lieut.-Colonel Hodgins, D. O. C., district of No. 4, has called for the resignation of the officers of the Forty-first Regiment, except Lieut.-Col. Sparham, whose term of command expires at the end of the year. Calling a meeting of the officers Col. Hodgins told them that the regiment with the exception of No. 6 Company was disgraced to the Canadian militia. Efforts will be made to reorganize the regiment and induce Major Walsh of the Northwest Mounted Police to accept the command. The facts are rendered all the worse because the government has just given the regiment a \$70,000 drill hall.

ADDING THE EXPORTERS.

American Lines Grant Bonus to Iron Manufacturers Sent Foreign.

New York, Nov. 19.—A conference between the representatives of the Mississippi river and representatives of the steel industry began today in the office of the Trunk Line Association in this city. It was decided to grant a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent on all iron and steel manufactured goods intended for export.

The representatives of the steel companies presented their reasons for asking a reduction in freight rates, and then representatives of the railroads spent most of the afternoon considering the subject. Both the Trunk Line Association and the Freight Association were represented, and it was decided that on December 1st there will be a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent of present rates to apply to export traffic on finished steel products including structural iron platebeams and rails. Twenty-seven and a half cent of the 100 points the Chicago to New York rate is the present basis. Commissioner Ballou, of the Trunk Line Association said that the question of the reduction in the price of rails by the steel companies was not discussed.

British News By Cable

Member of Parliament Points Out That Canadian Steel is Bounty Fed.

Ultimately the Dominion Will Outrive the United States as a Competitor.

Protestant Federation Objects to Diplomatic Relations With Rome.

London, Nov. 19.—(Special).—At a meeting yesterday of the Wolverhampton Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Shaw, M. P., said:—"By far the greatest portion of the iron and steel imported by Great Britain was bounty fed in Canada, and in years to come Canada would be a more formidable rival to this country than the United States. The article which we used to import from Canada were now made in the principal Canadian cities, and were outpacing our goods, and no amount of retaliation would alter such a state of things. In no single instance has retaliation between two countries resulted in good for either."

The council of Imperial Protestant federations have passed a resolution protesting against any effort being made by His Majesty's government towards establishing diplomatic relations with the Vatican. The council says they desire to point out that the holding of such communication with the see of Rome is distinctly forbidden by the laws of the realm, that an overwhelming majority of His Majesty's subjects in the United Kingdom and the colonies are utterly opposed to any attempt being made to restore diplomatic relations with the Pope of Rome.

At a meeting of the Glasgow and West of Scotland Agricultural Society, a member said that a free importation of grain and meat from the colonies while the colonists shirked a due share of the defence expenses, was unfair to agriculturists.

The Allan line have secured the Canadian mail contract.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Representative Williams (Mississippi), introduced a resolution today declaring: "That the House of Representatives would view with pleasure, and heartily endorse, initiative steps taken by the President of the United States towards reconstruction of the Joint High Commission, appointed by Great Britain, the Dominion of Canada and the United States, for the purpose of considering and agreeing upon freer and more amicable trade relations between the United States and the Dominion of Canada."

EMIGRANTS STARVE ON MONTANA TRAILS

Storm Bound and No Food For Either Children or Cattle.

Missoula, Montana, Nov. 19.—Word has been received from the Trout Creek district that there are several parties of emigrants along the Spokane road in the west end of Missoula county, snowbound and on the verge of starvation. In one party near the Idaho border is a family of five, snowed up and without provisions or money. The family is living in an eight-foot tent, with the snow up to the wagon box, unable to get out or secure food for the stock. Three other emigrant parties are reported along the trail snowed up in the passes and in a precarious condition. Efforts are being made to send out relief parties.

BOLD HOLD-UP IN VANCOUVER

Daring Highwaymen Ply Their Trade—Customs Strike Settled.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Vancouver, Nov. 19.—A strike among the customs clerks has been amicably settled through the efforts of R. G. Macpherson, M. P. Previous to October 24th vessels clearing after hours were charged \$2.50, which clerks here pocketed by consent of the government to make the salaries, it is alleged, equal to Victoria salaries. When the government discontinued this system October 24th, clerks refused to clear ships. Hereafter the government will make no charge to ships for clearing and will pay fees for overtime satisfactory to the clerks.

The hold-up men are still busy in Vancouver. Two more took place last night on the public street. George Selster was led off the street into an alley by two masked men and robbed. Nelford Wooley was held up on Jackson street by the same two men in the same manner. Wooley says one was a smooth-faced boy.

SIR WILFRID HONORED.

Montreal Reform Club Tenders Premier a Reception.

Montreal, Nov. 19.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier was tendered a reception by the Reform Club tonight. Some 300 of the leading Liberals gathered to greet Premier. There were no speeches.

NATIONAL BANK FAILURES.

Washington, Nov. 19.—The comptroller of the currency has been advised that the Indiana National Bank of Ellettsville, Ind., did not open for business this morning. C. H. Rosworth, national bank examiner, has been directed to take charge of the institution.

The Farmers' National Bank, Henderson, Texas, has been closed by direction of the comptroller of the currency. Miller Weir, national bank examiner, has been appointed to be temporary receiver. The bank owes depositors about \$103,000.

KILLED BY MACHINERY.

Wallaceburg, Nov. 19.—George Yates, engineer of the Wallaceburg Glass Works, while lacing belts that drive the dynamo yesterday was drawn in and whirled around the shafting. The injuries caused his death a few hours later. He was fifty years old and married.

ROBBING THE KING.

London, Nov. 19.—King Edward, for the second time in his brief reign, has been robbed by a clerk in the office of the paymaster of the household. On this occasion checks amounting to \$2,500 were illegally drawn and cashed by Frank Lushington, who today in Bow street police court confessed, and was committed for trial at the Old Bailey.

TWENTY-FIVE BELOW ZERO.

Butte, Nov. 19.—As a result of deep snow and extreme cold weather, heavy sheep losses will result. Reports from Sweet Grass country says the blinding snow has scattered sheep over the mountains and lowlands into sections where not a vestige of food can be found. Wild animals driven from the mountains by snow and cold are appearing in the stocks. The temperature is twenty to twenty-five degrees below zero.

Dramatic Murder Of An Operator

The Signalman in Tower Sends Warning During Mysterious Attack.

Rescue Party Find Him at His Post With His Head Crushed In.

Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 19.—W. H. Clendenin, a station fifteen miles north of Williamsport, on the Beech Creek division of the New York Central railway, was found dead in the telegraph tower shortly after 7 o'clock tonight.

Clendenin, who resided in Jersey Grove, Pa., on the same road, received this message from Clendenin: "Send

TO HEAD OFF CHAMBERLAIN.

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At 10:25 o'clock tonight a man was apprehended at Allenwood, a hamlet twenty-five miles south of Williamsport who is suspected of the murder of Telegraph Operator Clendenin. The man answers the description given of the murderer. He said he saved a life by the use of chloroform at the Del Prado hotel. Mrs. Brennan was the wife of a wealthy citizen of Denver, and up to four years ago, when she contracted blood-poisoning, she resided among the belles of Denver society. She felt the loss of her beauty deeply, and last October came to Chicago and placed herself in the hands of a "beauty doctor." Even at the hotel her face was covered with a veil. She said to an uncle in Chicago: "Death is preferable to life in this condition."

BEAUTY'S SAD END.

Despondent Through Disfigured Face and Takes Chloroform to End All.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Because her face had been marred by ill-health, Mrs. Lulu W. Brennan has killed herself by the use of chloroform at the Del Prado hotel. Mrs. Brennan was the wife of a wealthy citizen of Denver, and up to four years ago, when she contracted blood-poisoning, she resided among the belles of Denver society. She felt the loss of her beauty deeply, and last October came to Chicago and placed herself in the hands of a "beauty doctor." Even at the hotel her face was covered with a veil. She said to an uncle in Chicago: "Death is preferable to life in this condition."

FRENCH FOREIGN POLICY OUTLINED

Former President of Chamber Says Russian Alliance is Paramount.

Paris, Nov. 19.—In the presence of a crowded chamber, Deputy Deschanel, Republican, former President of the Chamber, began this afternoon the discussion of the foreign office budget. He expressed the view that it was the policy of Great Britain to create issues between the United States, Germany and France, which must aid in the rapprochement of Great Britain and Russia. Adverting to Morocco, M. Deschanel said France had no intention to make war upon the country. France wished neither military adventures, nor the partition of Morocco, and she had no desire to conquer Siam. There existed no question which could not be settled by diplomacy or arbitration. The deputy further declared that those who were responsible for armed peace, were being refused to discuss the proposition for disarmament. It would be a crime, he added, to seek to raise issues between Great Britain and France. The relations between France and Italy were most friendly, but the alliance with Russia must be the cornerstone of French policy. The speaker made no reference to Panama.

Re-Arranging Of Cabinet

French Liberal Organ Gives List of Forthcoming Changes At Ottawa.

Settlement at Peace River Not Advised Until Advent of Railway.

Chief Engineer to Superintend Construction From Quebec To Winnipeg.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Ottawa, Nov. 19.—The Governor-General today placed in position the first rotary machine of the International Cement Works at Hull. A large and distinguished company were present. The works will be in operation next June, with a capacity of 1,800 barrels daily.

The Canadian agent in the West Indies, who was asked by the department to report on the quality of cheese and butter, has done so most favorably.

A French-Liberal organ this evening gives publicity to rumors respecting the proposed cabinet changes prior to election. It states that Hon. Mr. Sutherland is tiring of political activity, and will be succeeded by Mr. Prefontaine. Mr. Emerson will become minister of marine and fisheries; Mr. Fitzpatrick minister of railways and canals, and Mr. Aylesworth, K. C., minister of justice.

J. Maclean, geological surveyor, who was sent out to report on the agricultural and other resources of the Peace river country, advises in view of the fact that no surveys have yet been made and there is neither market for produce nor employment for those without means, no man should journey thither who has not means enough to maintain himself until railway construction is begun in that region.

The name of J. A. Mountain, chief engineer of the Canada Atlantic railway, is prominently mentioned as likely to be chosen by the government to direct construction on the Eastern division of the new transcontinental line from Montreal to Winnipeg.

The executive of the Sons of England Order is meeting here today. They attended a mass meeting of the lodges tonight at which 130 members were initiated.

Out of 99 samples of honey collected from Halifax to Victoria, the government analyst reports the following results: Genuine, 81; doubtful, 5; adulterated, 2; adulterated with glucose syrup, 6; adulterated with cane sugar, 5.

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WINNIPEG CLEARINGS.

Winnipeg, Nov. 19.—The Winnipeg clearing house returns for the week ending November 13, 1903, were \$6,775,848, compared with \$6,775,848 in 1902, and \$6,231, same week in 1901, \$5,230,930.

WINS DERBY GOLD CUP.

London, Nov. 19.—Littleton won the Derby gold cup at the Derby November meeting today. James R. Keene's Sarcobion was second and Candaris came in third. Twenty horses ran.

THE OBSTREPEROUS MOROS.

Indications That Americans Have Several Weeks' Fighting on Hand.

Manila, Nov. 19.—The situation in Jolo indicates several weeks of fighting. The Moros generally are in a state of unrest. Sixty-five prisoners have escaped at Cagayan. Among them are a number of desperate characters.

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S LUMBER INDUSTRY

Manufacturer's Association Discusses Present Unjust Conditions of Trade.

Toronto, Nov. 19.—The executive of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association held a meeting today and discussed the position of British Columbia lumbermen, who complain that their home market is ruined because they have no protection from United States firms. No decision was reached, but it

Bondholders Grow Uneasy

British And Dutch Owners of Colombian Securities Dread Repudiation.

Ask England's Aid In Securing Portion of Debt on Panama.

London, Nov. 19.—The council of foreign bondholders has received a communication from Amsterdam saying that the Charter of Commerce there will require the government of The Netherlands to recognize the Republic of Panama until some arrangement is arrived at whereby the new republic assumes an equitable share of the Colombian debt. The majority of the bonds are held in England and Holland. The British Foreign Office has replied to the Colombian bondholders request by assuring them of its interest in their case, but not committing the government to any specific course of action. Further communications are expected, but so far as the bondholders' council knows, the Foreign Office has not yet taken any steps in the matter.

The secretary of the council of foreign bondholders in an interview with a representative of the Associated Press said today: "We have not the slightest objection to Panama's independence and think the American action calculated to promote the benefits of all concerned. In our letter to Lord Lansdowne we pointed out that the independence of Panama was evidently an accepted fact, but we wished to bring, through diplomatic channels, the attention of the American authorities to facts concerning which perhaps they are not so well informed as the unfortunate people who have supplied Colombia with money in past years. No set of bondholders the world over has fared so hardly as has the Britishers who have advanced the Colombian government money, and we feared that the public might take advantage of the secession of Panama as an excuse to repudiate all its international obligations. Our view is that Panama having greatly benefited by the money sunk in the country by British and other bondholders, should assume a certain portion of the debt of the country to which it recently belonged."

"When asked what he considered to be an equitable portion, the secretary replied: 'Probably about one-third, but that should be left to an arbitrator. The total Colombian debt with interest is about \$15,000,000. We hope that from the canal money Panama will pay such share of the debt as the arbitrator decides and thus purge herself of pecuniary obligations to foreign countries.'"

"So far as the British bondholders are concerned we would rather accept the bonds of the republic than anything issued by Colombia."

The promptness of the American action towards Panama is generally received with admiration by the afternoon papers.

"It is with this definiteness of object," says the Evening Standard, "that political triumphs are secured. America knows what it wanted, and having set about the right way to meet it she has succeeded."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Secretary Shaw's words that he is 'jealous of our hour when we shall begin to shovel dirt' will be echoed by all who wish to enlarge the area of commerce."

The St. James Gazette and the Globe rather criticize the diplomacy by which the "comp d'etat was achieved."

The Globe says: "It is doubtful if it will eventually redound to the credit of President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay."

DEEPENING ERIE DITCH.

Rochester Chamber of Commerce Consider Recent Vote In Aid.

Rochester, Nov. 19.—The Chamber of Commerce at its regular meeting here today passed some resolutions on the barge canal question in connection with a preamble reciting the adoption by the voters of the state of a proposition to expend \$100,000,000 and referring to the survey made by the great lakes as already surveyed, could be extended to New York city, making these practically an arm of the sea and thus furthering the commercial and naval supremacy of the nation.

NEWFOUNDLAND IS REMINISCENT

The Memory of Alaska Award Causes Fear of an American's Threat.

St. John's, Newfoundland, Nov. 19.—There is considerable discussion in official circles here over United States Senator Lodge's declaration that the United States should secure St. Pierre and Miquelon, thereby making herself completely independent of Newfoundland, regarding fishery concessions, instead of allowing England to secure them. Official expressions of opinion are to the effect that Senator Lodge does not voice the feelings of the American people in this matter. It is pointed out that Newfoundland could just as completely cripple St. Pierre if it came into American possession as she is now doing in spite of France, through the operations of her bait act. Furthermore, it is urged, Great Britain and Canada would never allow the United States to secure such an outpost, dominating the Gulf of St. Lawrence. News-papers comments indicate that the existence of a fear that Senator Lodge's utterances mean trouble along the lines of the recent Alaskan boundary award.

CUBAN BILL PASSED.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 19.—The Cuban bill was passed by the House at 4:32 p. m. by a rising vote of 335 to 21.

MARTELL'S

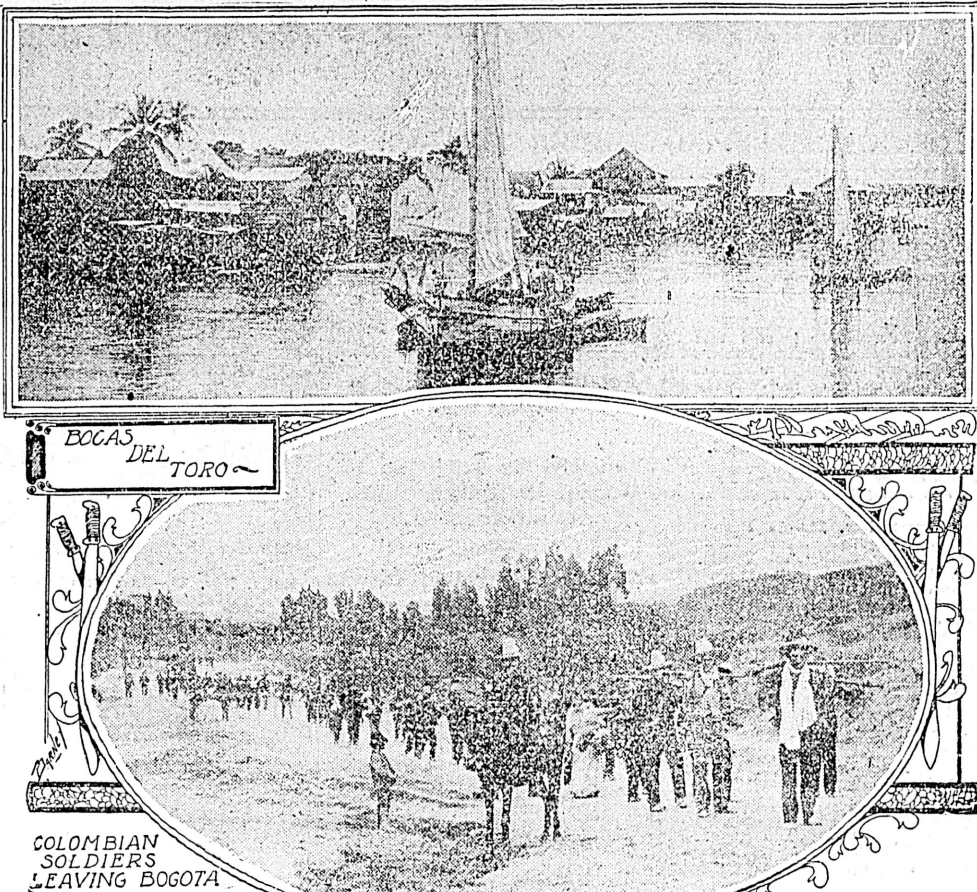
THREE STAR

BRANDY

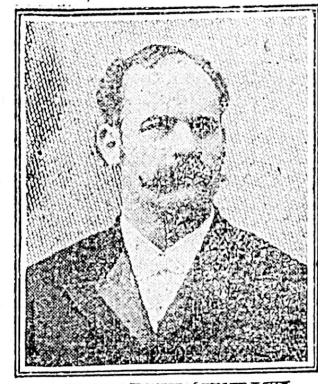
AT ALL BARS

OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

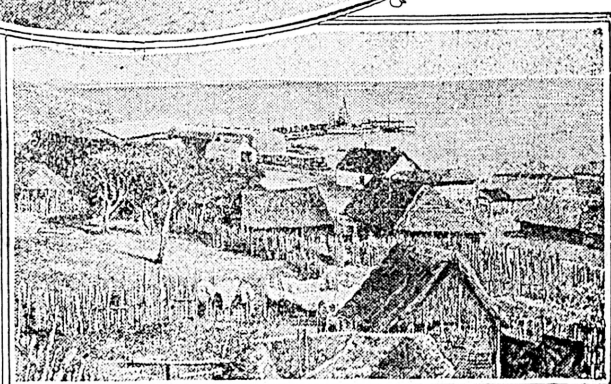
THE ISTHMIAN SITUATION.



COLOMBIAN SOLDIERS LEAVING BOGOTA



PRESIDENT ZULAGA OF NICARAGUA



THE HARBOR OF SAVANILLA

Street Fight In Chicago

Mob of Strikers Wreck a Car And Injure Four Passengers.

Police Charge Crowd With Clubs And Revolvers And Melee Ensues.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Despite the united efforts today of the mayor and aldermen a peaceable adjustment of the Chicago street railway strike, there is little chance in the situation tonight.

A proposition from the company stating upon what terms it will settle the strike, will be considered by the strikers tomorrow.

A serious riot occurred this evening at 35th street and Westworth avenue. A wrecking wagon manned by a non-union crew and guarded by six special policemen, passed 37th street and Westworth. A crowd quickly gathered and the mob let fly a shower of stones, demolishing the car windows and causing four passengers on the first car to flee for their lives. The mob then swarmed upon the cars and began to beat the train crews when the two cars with the policemen and the crew of the wrecking wagon came hurrying back.

The mob, which had great increased by this time, was in an ugly temper and refused to move. The police drew their revolvers and clubs and charged at once. The mob used stones, while the police swung their clubs with vigor. There was a warm fight which lasted about two minutes and then the mob broke and fled in all directions. A number of those engaged in the rioting were arrested.

A FANTASTIC FRENCHMAN.

Stabs Music Hall Artists Sixteen Times Without Serious Results.

Paris, Nov. 19.—Gabrielle Chabrias, known on the music hall stage by the name of Paquetette, was stabbed in a cab today by Chas. Bertroux, also connected with the stage, and with whom the woman formerly lived. Though sixteen wounds were inflicted her condition is not considered serious.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Luxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Money To Aid The Propaganda

Mr. Chamberlain Asks Subscriptions Towards a Fund of Half a Million.

Foreign Nations Now Growing More Reasonable in Commercial Matters.

London, Nov. 19.—Joseph Chamberlain's display of incessant activity in his fiscal campaign. In a letter to the Tariff Reform League today, he invites public subscriptions towards the raising of \$500,000 for the purpose of carrying on the propaganda.

In the preface to a reprint in book form of his ten great fiscal speeches, Mr. Chamberlain strongly advocates the adoption of a system of referendum similar to that practiced in Switzerland and in many parts of the United States, as the only method of deciding great national questions apart from the complicated issues of party government. He thinks that the fiscal question is entirely one that should be thus decided by the votes of the people without the influence of such issues which would be brought into play at a general election.

At the opening of a new Conservative club house at Salisbury today, Lord Salisbury asserted that since the beginning of Mr. Chamberlain's campaign foreign countries had approached the subject of commercial relations with Great Britain in a far more reasonable spirit than formerly.

BURNED TO CRISP IN COLLISION

Elevated Trains in Brooklyn Collide And Wreck Burns Two Men.

(New York, Nov. 19.—As a result of a rear-end collision late tonight between a Bay Ridge train, containing about 100 passengers and a train of five cars, both of which were bound for Brooklyn bridge on the Fifth avenue branch of the Brooklyn Elevated road, John A. Cahill, motorman of the Bay Ridge train, and Patrick Capilla, conductor of the same train, were burned to death. Warren Dayton, of Brooklyn, guard on the empty train, was fatally injured and a number of others were slightly injured. The accident was due to the Bay Ridge train running into the empty cars. Immediately after the crash two of the cars of each train caught fire. The bodies of the motorman and conductor of the Bay Ridge train were found burned to a crisp.

HELEN GOULD'S WORK.

Catholic Rector Forbids Children Attending Sewing Class.

Tarrytown, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Rev. T. J. Barry, rector of the Catholic church of Irvington, has forbidden the children of Catholic parents in his parish to attend the sewing school which for years has been maintained by Miss Helen Gould. About 300 children attend the school. Father Barry's first objection was made when some of the Catholic children attended a luncheon given by Miss Gould on Friday. At this luncheon meat was served, and the Catholic children partook of it, unmindful of the day. As soon as Father Barry learned of this he put the school under a ban. Since then there has been some correspondence between the priest and Miss Gould. Another thing the priest objected to was that a hymn was sung at the opening of the affair.

Russia Defies The Nations

Bound to Obtain Trade Monopoly on Yalu Despite U. S. Treaty.

Times Correspondent Confirms Report of Keeping Yonampno Closed.

London, Nov. 20.—The Morning Post's Chefoo correspondent, who has just returned from the Yalu river region, learns that it is Russia's intention to soon occupy Shaho in force. The Russians hope to obtain a monopoly of the Yalu river trade despite the American and Japanese treaty with China. The commercial possibilities of Shaho are excellent. Navigation of the Yalu river, from Shaho to its mouth, takes ninety minutes.

The Daily Mail's Tientsin correspondent announces that the Japanese have occupied Wuhu, at the mouth of the Yalu river, and that the Chinese government has withdrawn its note to the provincial governors advising them to prepare for war.

The Daily Mail's Tokio correspondent has received telegrams from Seoul saying that the Russian minister has again successfully interfered to prevent the opening of Yonampno, consent to which the Korean foreign minister was on the point of communicating to the British, American and Japanese ministers Tuesday last.

The Times' correspondent says that a private letter from an official at Mukden states that the Russians have notified the native authorities with the utmost indignity, openly declaring that the reoccupation was intended as an intimation that Russia would not permit the exercise of treaty rights in Manchuria, and claiming that the United States and Japan had recently conceded a convention.

The Times' correspondent at Tokio confirms the statement of the Daily Mail's correspondent that the Russian minister at Seoul has been successful in preventing the opening of Yonampno.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 19.—A despatch from Port Arthur notes a return of the belated news of the Japanese press. It says Japan's agents appear to have met with some successes in China, and reiterates the report that the Chinese viceroys and governors have been instructed to collect funds and troops for the exercise of treaty rights in Manchuria, and adds that some of the viceroys have been ordered to take precautionary measures for the protection of the coast, "so as to avoid the mistakes of past years."

GRAFTING AN EAR.

Surgeon Cuts Member From One and Fastens It Upon Another.

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—Dr. A. L. Nelson, of this city, performed the operation of grafting an ear upon the head of a Western millionaire, whose name the surgeon says, he is under bond not to reveal. The operation was to have been performed in New York, but District Attorney Jerome is said to have interfered.

Dr. Nelson advertised for a man willing to sell an ear for \$5,000, and out of 200 applicants he selected a young German, who conducts a restaurant in New York.

NOTE YOUR WEIGHT.

By noting your increase in weight while using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food you can prove for a certainty that new firm flesh and tissue is being added to the body. This is the surest test you can apply to any treatment, and proves the superiority of this great restorative prescription of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous Receipt Book author.

Commissioners Are at Colon

Colombian Emissaries Arrive on Steamer Canada on Peace Mission.

Great Excitement Takes Place But U. S. Marines Preserve Order

Colon, Nov. 19.—5:15 p. m.—The steamer Canada, from Savannah is now approaching her dock. General Reyes and other members of the delegation sent by the Colombian government on a peace mission are on board.

Marines from the American warships have been landed and are on duty on the wharf.

Other prominent Colombian generals on the Canada are Sarria, Ortiz, Bustamante, Angulo and Lucas Caballero. General Bustamante and Caballero are prominent members of the Liberal party, and joined the peace commissioners at Savannah, but were delegated by the Bogota government. There was great excitement on the arrival of the Canada, hundreds of people flocking to the neighborhood of the dock but were prevented from reaching the vessel by the marines, who were landed from the United States warships as soon as the Canada was sighted.

The marines now guard the wharf. Captain Merriam, of the United States auxiliary cruiser Dixie, immediately went aboard the Canada and conveyed to General Reyes the result of the mission of the Bolivians. He invited General Reyes and other members of the mission to come aboard the Dixie, but the general and his companions declined the invitation.

Admiral Coghlan, who just arrived from Panama, extended an invitation to the commissioners to come aboard the Mayflower, but the admiral's invitation was also declined. It is understood that General Reyes and other Colombian officers will remain on the Canada until tomorrow night, possibly until Sunday evening, when they will leave for Port Limon, for which destination all had taken tickets. The commissioners sent a telegram to the junta at Panama asking for a conference there tomorrow, but the Panamanian government declined to grant the request. It is expected, however, that a representative delegation from Panama will arrive here tomorrow and confer with the commissioners on board the Canada.

The Colombian generals were not permitted to land at Colon, and it is considered absolutely certain that their mission like that of the commissioners from the department of Bolivar, will prove altogether futile.

The Canada brings news that there was great excitement at Bogota when the happenings on the Isthmus became known there. Nothing alarming, however, occurred. When the Colombian general left Bogota United States Minister Beaupre, was getting ready for his departure for the United States.

Convocation Of Columbia College

Announcement of Prize Winners For Term at Large Public Meeting.

Two Workers on the Fraser Bridge Receive Painful Injuries.

From Our Own Correspondent.

New Westminster, Nov. 19.—The Columbia Methodist college convocation took place this evening in Queen's avenue Methodist church. It should have been held sooner, but the authorities were awaiting the results of the rail examinations, which had been delayed. There was a good attendance of the general public and a nice programme was presented, the chief feature being the announcement of prize-winners and presentation of prizes.

Two accidents happened yesterday on the Westminster bridge superstructure. A man named Grace lost his balance and fell into the river, striking a scow before he entered the water. This latter circumstance injured his knee, and he was unable to swim, but was rescued almost immediately. He is now in the Royal Columbian hospital. The other mishap occurred to a man who inadvertently put his hand where it was struck by a sliding hammer, and the blow crushed all the fingers.

Seventeen degrees of frost Tuesday night followed a light fall of snow, and again last night the weather was clear and cold. As a result numerous water service pipes have burst. Another night's frost may produce skating on the neighboring ponds and lakes.

A trace only has been discovered of the two prisoners who broke away from the chain gang a fortnight ago. A. M. Herring, having occasion to visit his ranch on Lulu Island, found the house had been broken into and a number of articles, more or less valuable, were missing. Suspicion now points to the two missing jail birds from the fact that a large stone and certain articles outside indicate that the men there succeeded in breaking their leg irons.

Two weddings were solemnized yesterday. At Holy Trinity church, the Rev. Florence Eleanor Suter, daughter of a lately deceased "old-time" publisher of this city, was married to Richard Gray (Bing) of the printing firm of Dingle & Gallagher, the ceremony being performed by the rector, Rev. Lawrence Amos. Mr. and Mrs. Dingle are spending their honeymoon in Victoria.

The other wedding was that of Laura (Kathleen) Lewis, daughter of Mrs. C. B. Lewis, another old resident, to Castle P. Moss, of the engineering staff of the New Westminster bridge. The bride, who was given away by her mother, Mr. J. C. Armstrong, was the recipient of many beautiful presents. Mr. and Mrs. Moss left last night for Seattle. They will reside here until Mr. Moss' labors in connection with the bridge are finished, when he will return to Kansas City, Mo.

CLOSING THE LEGATION.

Colombian Representative at Washington Prepares to Depart.

Washington, Nov. 19.—Dr. Thomas Herran, the Colombian charge, and Senior Brigard, the Colombian consul-general at New York, are winding up the affairs of the Colombian legation here, preparatory to its close. From the present course of events Dr. Herran feels that the closing of his legation is only a question of time. He has been apparently ignored by his government, which has refused to answer his cablegrams or advise him at all regarding the isthmian situation.

Dr. Herran's departure from Washington would not necessarily follow the closing of the legation. His going to Colombia at this time would scarcely be warranted by the action of his government in ignoring the legation here.

The Great Actor—So you saw me play last night? The Kid—Yes, sir. Willie says you did in the last act, and I see you only drew it. Was it right?—Exchange.

THE Nestside

VICTORIA'S POPULAR STORE

Boys' Reefer Overcoats

At Less Than Cost

<p>Boys' Reefers</p> <p>In Heavy Frieze and English Nap, with plaid linings, and wide storm collars, double breasted style navy only, sizes to fit boys from 3 to 12 years. Closing out price on</p> <p>SATURDAY \$2.75</p>		<p>Boys' Reefers</p> <p>In Heavy Beaver Cloth, with wide collar, double breasted style, lined with wool plaid tweed, navy only, sizes to fit young men from 3 to 12 years. Closing out price on</p> <p>SATURDAY \$3.50</p>
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Special Values Today in Every Department.

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd., Victoria, B.C.

Let Us Wire You

If you desire to install a system of Electric Lighting, Bells, Burglar Alarms, or Telephones, permit us to estimate. We have a fine line of supplies and can quote satisfactory prices for high grade work and material.

THE HINTON ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Always See That the

MATCHES

You Buy Bear The Name

Our Parlor Brands—"King Edward," "Headlight," "Eagle," "Victoria," "Little Comet." Our Sulphur Brands—"Telegraph," "Telephone."

A Quick, Sure Every time by of These Brands Dealers Ever

Light is Ensured Using Any One For Sale by where.

JAMES MITCHELL, AGENT FOR B. C.

Tyee Copper Co.'y

LIMITED.

Purchasers and Smelters of Copper, Gold and Silver Ores

SMELTING WORKS AT

Ladysmith, Vancouver Island, B.C.

CONVENIENT TO THE ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY OR THE SEA.

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, GENERAL MANAGER.

THOMAS KIDDIE, SMELTER MGR.

May Snow Tomorrow!

How's Your 'Footgear'?

Rubber Boots in Great Variety. Our Best is the Best. Better Than The Rest.

James Maynard, 85 Douglas St., Oddfellows Block

EVERY COLLEGE MAN

who is interested in athletics ought to have a

Knit-to-fit

SWEATER AND WESCUT

Knitted all in one piece—with roll collar. Made in any color or combination of colors—any size and weight desired. Sold by leading furnishees and sporting goods houses

THE KNIT-TO-FIT MFG. CO. 613 Lagauchetiere St., Montreal.

WOOD, HARMON & CO.

Are offering the greatest opportunities for making money which appeal to the most conservative investors, both in their suburban property and the

United Cities Realty Corporation

Which pay 5 per cent guaranteed dividends besides an annual profit dividend. Last dividend declared 31st October, profit dividend to follow. Get a prospectus AT 52 GOVERNMENT STREET. Phone 233.

EVERLASTING FLOWERS

In great variety at Stewart's Granite and Marble Works. Corner Yates and Blanchard Street

100 Men's, Youth's AND Boys' Overcoats

Left from Last Season, HALF PRICE FOR CASH.

B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 68-70 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Annexation Of Panama

Terms of New Canal Treaty Give
United States Absolute
Control.

Little Republic Will Cease to Ex-
ercise Any Power Within
Zone.

Washington, Nov. 19.—The Panama commissioners, Dr. Amador and Mr. Frederico Boyd, today consulted Minister Buma Varilla and Mr. Frank D. Pavey, of New York, the legal adviser to the United States, and the latter read over the treaty signed yesterday by Mr. Hay and Mr. Buma Varilla, and discussed its terms and provisions in detail. It met their hearty approval. From various sources additional information in regard to the terms and provisions of the treaty have been obtained. Under it the United States guarantees to maintain the independence of Panama within the zone of territory for the canal and within the limits of the other lands acquired by the United States. The United States will have the same power as if the territory were ceded to the United States, and the Republic of Panama will cease to exercise any power and authority within that zone.

The United States undertakes to construct modern systems of sewers and waterworks for the cities of Panama and Colon, and has the right to collect tolls for the period of fifty years in order to pay the cost of their construction, with interest. At the end of fifty years the sewers and waterworks become the property of the cities of Panama and Colon to comply with the sanitary ordinances of the United States, and if they fail to do so the United States has the right to enforce its rules and regulations in regard to sanitation.

Enjoying Life At Ladysmith

Successful Concert And Two
Dances Enliven Little
Smelter Town.

Mr. Arthur Chamberlain of Eng-
land Visits Locality on
Business.

Ladysmith, B. C., Nov. 19.—On Tuesday evening a concert was held in the hall in aid of the Ladysmith Church of England. The programme, which was entirely carried out by children, consisted of an operetta entitled, "The Gypsies' Festival," and several pretty songs and choruses were rendered. The Rev. R. J. Bowen, the new minister, was in the chair, and at the conclusion delivered an address, remarking on the efficient manner in which the children had been trained, thanks being mainly due to Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Hunter, Mrs. Geo. Thompson, Mrs. Boyce and others for their untiring exertions. Mrs. Watson, with great talent, officiated as accompanist. The evening's proceedings terminated with a dance. In spite of the inclement weather there was a good audience, and it is hoped that a substantial sum will be realized for the church.

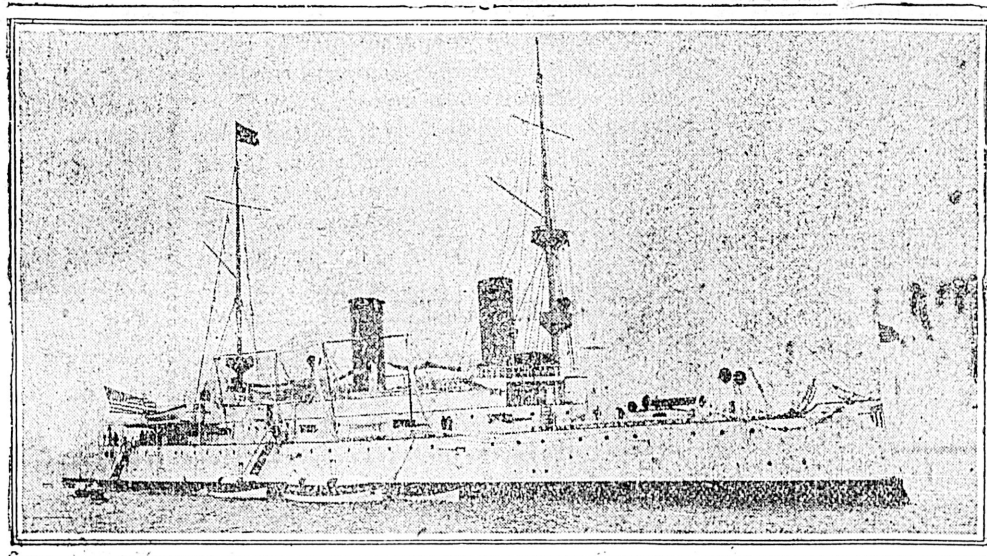
A masquerade ball, in connection with the Ladysmith Baseball Club, was held in the hall on Wednesday night. Although the weather was very severe the hall was well filled with dancers and spectators. The dancing began at 8:30 and was continued till a late hour. At the conclusion of the dance several prizes were awarded for the best characters.

Mr. Chamberlain, nephew of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, late colonial secretary, stayed in Ladysmith last week and paid a visit to the smelter. He was escorted round by Mr. Kiddie, the manager, and appeared highly interested in the ore and the method of smelting. Mr. Chamberlain's visit is quite a business matter, and it is believed he will travel to Texas Island to inspect Mr. Von Itz's plant.

"Don't you think," asked Mrs. O'Leary, "that Mrs. Scudell's company is rather better than the other lately?" "Is it?" her husband asked. "I know she was a steady good player, but I didn't know she took up any of these other games. I think it would be more to her credit if she looked after her children a little now and then."—Chicago Record-Herald.

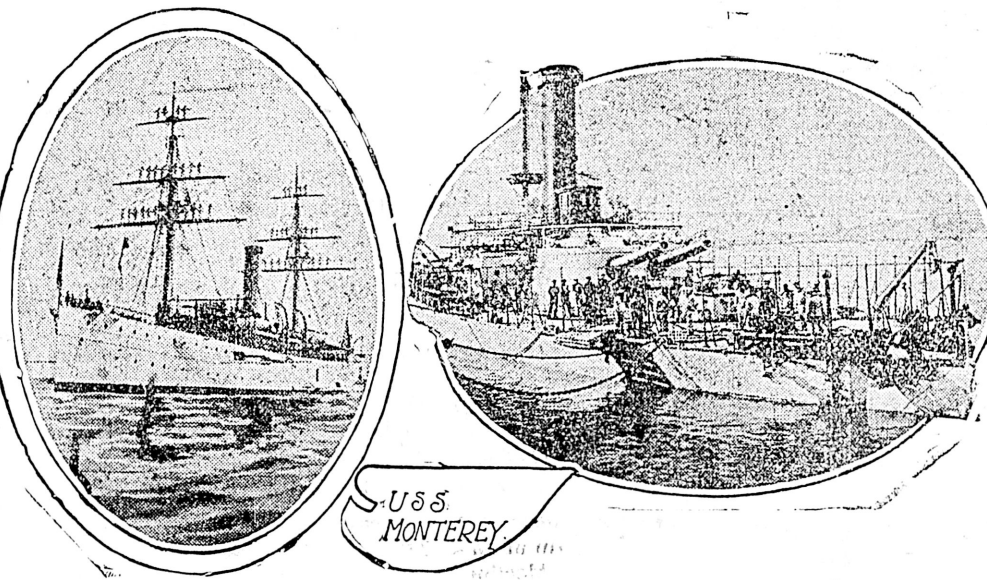
Soph—Do you think kleptomancy is catching? Fresh—No. It's taking—Yule Record.

U. S. WARSHIPS FOR PANAMA



THE OLYMPIA.

PHOTO COURTESY 1901, BY A. H. MULLER



U.S.S. MONTEREY

FEDERATION OF LABOR.

Proceedings at the Session in Boston
Yesterday.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 19.—As a substitute for various resolutions offered as amendments to the constitution by the committee of the American Federation of Labor on laws, today reported a resolution that the secretary be instructed to communicate with the secretaries of all national and international unions affiliated with the body, advising them to join chartered international labor unions. A discussion led by Delegate Lavin, member from Wilkes-Barre, followed at once. Mr. Lavin opposed the committee's report vigorously, and in his remarks attacked the leaders of Pennsylvania. John Mitchell was on his feet in a moment. Mr. Mitchell declared that some unions of miners in the anthracite fields refused to belong to the central labor unions, largely because of "irrational and untruthful statements such as just made by Delegate Lavin."

The resolution reported by the committee on affiliations of unions with the central body, was finally adopted. A motion was adopted that the annual election of officers be held at 10 o'clock Saturday morning.

A Missing Man.—The last issue of Reynolds' Newspaper, of London, Eng., contained the following: Adair—News wanted of James Adair, who sailed from Liverpool about seven years ago. His last letter to his father was dated February 9, 1888. Seaman's Union Rooms, Sussex street, Sydney, Australia. He was seen in Vancouver about two years ago. Any news concerning him will be most thankfully received by his father, P. Adair, care of editor "Reynolds' Newspaper," British Columbia, Australia and New Zealand papers please copy.

Wife—I have been thinking I ought to give you a birthday present, Harold. Husband—Oh, very well. Just write down what it shall be and I'll buy it on my way uptown.—Town Topics.

Nanaimo Is Quite Satisfied

Result of Election at the Ter-
minal City Meets With
Approval.

Dr. Young M. P. P. For Atlin on
the Affairs of His
District.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Nanaimo, B. C., Nov. 19.—A pronounced sense of general satisfaction is very evident here today over the result of the election at Vancouver. With the exception of a few Liberal politicians, who hoped for another shuffle of the political cards, most of all shades of opinion are delighted that there is not to be a return to the unsettled conditions which prevailed before the last general election. Even the socialists, who have not recovered from the drain which the last campaign made upon their limited resources, are glad that they will not have to fight for some time to come to retain the seats which they have gained. Now that all certainty as to the future is removed it is confidently believed that business will show a marked and general improvement.

Robert Berkeley, of Courtenay, expired very suddenly last evening at the Nanaimo hotel. The deceased drove down here from Comox last week with his son-in-law, Mr. Peacey and went on to Victoria, from which place he had just returned. He was in his usual health, yesterday morning and although he was being treated by a local doctor for an affection of the throat, it was not supposed that he had any serious ailment. He was taken ill about 5 o'clock in the afternoon and died in a few minutes. A post mortem revealed the fact that his decease was due to the bursting of an aneurism. The late Mr. Berkeley was about 48 years of age and was one of the pioneer farmers of Courtenay, where he settled in 1874. He was highly esteemed by all who knew him and had enjoyed the confidence of his neighbors to such a degree that he had held the post of roadmaster for the last fourteen years. He was a Mason, and at the time of his death occupied the chair of Master of High Lodge, Courtenay. He leaves a widow and eight children, nearly all of whom are adults. He was connected by marriage with many of the oldest families in Comox, among others that of Mr. Robert Grant, M. P. P., of whom he was a cousin, and with several Nanaimo families and his untimely death has clouded many homes.

Dr. Young, member for Atlin, arrived last evening on his way to Victoria to take his seat in the House, and is the guest of his brother, Mr. F. McGib, Young of this city. Speaking to your correspondent respecting the Alaska boundary matter, Dr. Young summarized the feeling in his district in the brief but emphatic expression "They don't care a cuss." He expounded the sentiment of Atlin further by stating that while the people there would have been glad to have seen the custom house abolished, what they really worried about was the rates charged by the railroad, and those the decision, which had been anticipated anyway, could not affect, however it went. In point of fact, as it might lead to another railway being built, the Athlites were not grieving over Lord Alverstone's judgment unduly. The one thing that had been impressed upon him when he was leaving was that he must use every endeavor to get a railway built into the country through British Columbia. Asked if they were making any history up in

Atlin the doctor said, "Lots. You'll hear from us soon. We have had a prosperous year and our gold production in the near future is going to be something of a surprise to you people on the Coast."

At a concert given this evening by the Church Lads' Brigade the Rev. C. Cooper, who had returned from England where he has spent the summer, just in time to take the chair, stated that he had seen performances by similar organizations in London during his holiday and he was of the opinion that in no respect did they approach the style and accuracy of the exhibition drills given by branches of the brigade in British Columbia. The occasion was marked by the presentation of an address and some handsome silver plate to Captain W. E. Thomson, son of government Agent Thomson, of Ladysmith, upon the occasion of his retirement, which had been caused by his removal to the neighboring town. Mr. Cooper foreshadowed the organization of a company of the brigade at Ladysmith. The affair was very successful, the band, composed of lads in their teens, actually attempting the "Anvil Chorus" from "H. Trovatore" and acquitting themselves even in so ambitious an effort in a manner which would have been creditable to much more advanced organizations.

An athletic club on the lines of that which has been so successful here, is shortly to be formed at Ladysmith. On Saturday a number of Nanaimo men will invade the camp on Oyster Harbor and assist in giving a concert and entertainment there so as to enable the local boys to make a start with their fund for the undertaking. It is probable that Jack Slavin, who is just now in Nanaimo, will take part in a boxing bout, which will be one of the leading features of the evening's amusements.

There was a big turnout of the Knights of Pythias yesterday afternoon to attend the funeral of the late Mr. James Evans, who passed away at the comparatively early age of 40 years, leaving a wife and family. Prelate Thomas Booth read the beautiful ritual of the order at the graveside.

"Sending East" Habit.

The Eastern departmental store habit has assumed such colossal proportions in Victoria in its endeavor to justify the Colonist in reproducing the following from the columns of the Ross and Mine, with the heartiest endorsement of the sentiments there expressed, and with the hope that the advice given will be taken to heart by the too numerous local patrons who have cultivated the practice of discriminating against the welfare of their own city: "One of the first principles of loyalty to the town in which you live is to patronize home industries as much as possible. The individual who sends money away for supplies that are procurable at home, is an enemy to the prosperity of the community in which he lives. It is the foremost kind of economy for Rosslanders to deal with Eastern departmental stores. The man who sends East for supplies that are procurable at home does not deserve a share of the local trade. The express companies are the only beneficiaries when you trade with the Eastern departmental store. The red wagon of the express company is becoming too conspicuous for the welfare of Rossland. By the red wagon ye shall know them."

Amusements

Drill Hall Concert

FIFTH REGIMENT BAND.
MRS. W. E. GREEN
TOMORROW NIGHT

"The Creation"

Will Be Rendered on
DECEMBER 2nd
At the Metropolitan Methodist Church.
Soloists: Soprano, Miss Bradley, Tacoma, Wash.; tenor, Mr. A. T. Goward; bass, Mr. Herbert Taylor. Organist, Mr. J. Longfield; pianist, Mr. G. J. Burnett.
Full orchestra and chorus of
150 Voices
Conductor, Mr. Gideon Hicks.
Admission 50 cents. A few seats reserved at \$1.00.

VICTORIA THEATRE

MONDAY, NOV. 23.
England's Premier Lady Cornetist,
MISS BERTHA GOULDING.
Late of Queen's Hall, London.
Assisted by the popular MARIBOIR—
GOULDING COMPANY in Dramatic and
Humorous Sketches.
Music, Mirth and Melody.
Admission will be reduced to popular
prices, 75c, 50c, and gallery 25c. Seats on
sat at Victoria Book & Stationery Store,
Government street.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

FRIDAY, NOV. 20th.
Magic! Mirth! Mystery!
Hermann The Great
Everything new in Magic, Marvelous
Bewildering Illusions. See the Bride
Elect! See the Queen of Flames! See Prince
Mahomet, and many others aided by
the Military Musicians, the Laskys.
Prices \$1.00, 75c, 50c, and gallery 25c.
Seats on sale Wednesday at Victoria Book
& Stationery Store, Government street.

SAVOY

THEATRE.
Week of Nov. 16th.
Don't fail to hear the Great

IVANHOE

America's Greatest Extremepanous
Singer
In conjunction with our Mammoth Van-
derbilt Co.
Admission 10c.

THE ORPHEUM

Golden and Weber
Comedy Sketch.
Jack Symonds
Monologue and Parody.
Miss Kneeshaw
Illustrated Song "When They Play God
Save the King."
Moving Pictures New and Novel. Con-
tinuous performances, 5 to 5 and 7 to 10
p. m. Admission 10 cents.

EDISON THEATRE

Erickson & Ely, Props.
Programme Week Nov. 16th.
FRANK FAYEE
The Up-to-Date Com.
J. McDERMOTT
Illustrated Song "The Avar of Friendship"
BOB INGELSOLL
Irish Monologue
MAY McCARNEY
The Young Australian Sourette and
Dancer.
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The Colonist.

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PRESTIGE GONE.

One of the most remarkable features of the Vancouver campaign was the number of leading lights among the Liberals who took part in it. The new leader, Mr. J. A. Macdonald, was there, suffering from a bad cold which the result of the election has, we doubt, failed to cure. The late leader, Mr. Joseph Martin, was also in the fight, making the best of issues upon which the party refused to become enthusiastic. Mr. Deane, late of Kamloops, now of Nelson, was also there, asking of Vancouver to do what Kamloops had refused to do, return a Liberal candidate. Mr. McNiven, of Victoria, was also there, trying to rouse the flagging energies of the Vancouver Labor-Liberals. Last of all, Senator Templeman, a member of Sir Wilfrid Laurier's cabinet, fresh from Ottawa, expecting to have himself refreshed by the Liberal breezes of British Columbia, after a fatiguing session at Ottawa, was there also. They were all there, Martin Liberals, and Labor Liberals, and Ottawa Liberals, and Chinese Commission Liberals, like wild animals with temporarily subdued passions in the face of danger from fire or flood. Yet by their united efforts, they contrived to come within 956 votes of the Conservative candidate. It was a great achievement, a great and marvelous achievement, and a happy augury for the future of Liberalism in this province. All these great men have now doubtless returned to their own homes, to tell just exactly how it happened. The Liberal party has been very badly advised. The new leader has made a bad start. The old leader is a wiser man and a better politician. The party invited and subjected itself to this deadly blow. The only credit we take to ourselves is to have foreseen where it would strike them, how hard, and with what effects. Surely the Liberals do not imagine that the effect of the Vancouver election ceased with the declaration of the poll and the return of Mr. Wilson. They cannot be so fatuous as to think that. This election has paralyzed the capacity of their party for opposition along the lines they have laid down, and has forced them to shift their ground, or earn, not merely defeat, but contempt. The Liberals have been claiming the necessity of another appeal to the country. They have been shown pretty clearly that the country does not want any more appeals, and simply regards as political agitators and anarchists those who seek to reverse the verdict it has already given. If the Liberals succeeded, by obstructive opposition and political tricks, in their apparent design of forcing an appeal to the country, they would be snowed under. Surely this election must have taught them that. It is idle to say that Mr. Wilson appeared before the people with the prestige of a portfolio and the advantage of being the government's candidate, in a bye-election. It is idle to say these things, because the prestige and advantage depended entirely upon his own return. He carried the government on his back in this election. Had he been defeated the government could not have remained very long in office. We insisted upon that feature of the election before he was elected. It may have been an admission that it is not usually made, but it was a fact abundantly evident in the circumstances of the case, and just as evident to the electors of Vancouver, as to ourselves. It was a fact which deprived him of a great deal of prestige in the fight. It cut off from him all extraneous advantages derived from office and power. Yet his majority in a straight fight was as much and more than that of any of his colleagues in a fight where sixteen candidates ran for five seats. If that carries no meaning to the Liberal party, then that party is beyond the reach of reason. Surely it must recognize that the country demands that the present government be tried upon determinate issues of policy and performance, and has no sympathy whatever with the purely factional issues upon which the Liberal party is now with such ill success, endeavoring to build up its cause.

TRUSTS AND PROTECTION.

One of the most favorite arguments of free traders is that protection stimulates and fosters the creation of trusts. There is a superficial justification for this argument. The free traders say that protection limits the area in which the principle of competition is effective, and therefore restricts its operation against interferences with the law of supply and demand. The fallacy of that argument is not at first blush discoverable. It lies in the fact that it presupposes that the principle of competition is affected by the area in which it is allowed to operate. It is needless to say that if competition can be extinguished within any specified limit, it is not a principle of general operation at all. If it is a principle of general operation, it must operate independently of geographical limitations. Now the trust problem is not the existence of what we understand by monopoly, but the improper use of what we understand by monopoly. The popular conception of a monopoly is the sole possession by one set of people of what other people must procure and utilize in order to live, and, coupled with that, the power to exact an arbitrary return from their necessities. Now we are not concerned with the possibility of the existence of such a thing, only with the effects of its attempted exercise. The most complete monopoly which can be established is the monopoly of land. We can imagine a monopoly of land, and we can imagine such a monopoly being exercised, so as to make practical slaves of the people who have to live on the lands. Such a monopoly would be exercised by means of rack-rent in any one of its myriad forms. The term is derived from an instrument of torture, and gives a comprehensive description of the methods of monopoly which we are discussing. Now here we have a perfect example of a monopoly improperly exercised. There is no possible escape from it. Obviously such a monopoly in actual cases is met by the competition of other lands. The people emigrate. But we are supposing an area from which they cannot emigrate, that is a complete and perfect monopoly of land. (What happens then if that monopoly is improperly exercised, as the popular imagination thinks it might be without any but agreeable consequences to the monopolists—famine and depopulation. We are not dealing with the personal equation at all. We are not contending that injurious monopolies have not caused, and are not capable of causing, widespread misery. We are only maintaining that there is an economic equation in which monopolies improperly exercised are worn down, so that even a perfect monopoly of land would perish by meeting the competition of the grave. Every student of history knows that the system of land tenure in Ireland independently of the will of either landlord or tenant, established a land monopoly ingeniously perfect and oppressive in its operation. It did not enrich one class of the people at the expense of another. It impoverished both. Let us take an instance of a very imperfect monopoly, but one usually regarded as a strong one, and one arbitrary in its action, the Standard Oil Trust. It is not by any means an exclusive monopoly. It meets the competition of the sun, of electric light, of coal gas, of candles and of torches. But so far as oil illuminants go, it is an absolute monopoly. Why can the Standard Oil Trust not arbitrarily raise the price of oil far above its present level? Simply because other illuminants would be used, and where other illuminants could not be used people would sit by firelight. Monopoly powers improperly exercised destroy themselves by the extinction of the demand for the commodities monopolized, and this happens just as certainly within a protected area as within an unprotected area. If geographical limitations had anything to do with the disintegration of monopolies it would be a poor lookout for the world, because the first world-wide monopoly built up would have the world at its mercy. The practical proof that protection has nothing to do with the monopolistic practices of United States trusts is the fact that the trusts expecting undue and illicit profits by monopoly, are already falling in prices without the United States tariff having been altered in the slightest particular. What did the water in the stocks of these trusts represent? It represented capital created, and to derive its earning power, from prices artificially raised by monopolistic methods. It has no value upon the market today. The water has all been squeezed out, every drop. If monopoly had the power claimed for it by the popular imagination, the stock of these trusts would have as high a value as ever, instead of the value of the legitimate business these trusts were formed to carry on, having shared in the general shipwreck. The combinative principle properly applied means higher wages, steadier work, and a better regulation of supply to demand. But improperly extended to the extraction of ill-desired profits by monopolistic methods, it means the paralysis of industry, widespread suffering and certainly no gains to the monopolists. That is a conclusion lying within a region of cause and effect into which the questions of tariffs does not enter.

PANAMA DEVELOPMENTS.

The United States has taken a firm hold upon the situation at Panama. It has promptly placed the new republic in the same position as Colombia by negotiating and signing a treaty for the construction of an isthmian canal. Colombia threatens an invasion of Panama by land, which is nonsense. Troops with baggage and provisions could not cross the frontier of mountain and fever-laden swamp which divides the isthmus from Colombia. Colombia may be trusted to do some wild and hysterical protesting, and to be satisfied with a money indemnity. It expected to secure all the money which the United States is to pay for the canal concession, it is now only going to receive a portion of it, and the world is going to get the canal. (We have no sympathy whatever for those Democratic newspapers in the United States which are howling about the arbitrary and illegal action of their own country, and none for the Canadian newspapers which are endeavoring to stir up a feeling in Canada in favor of Colombia and against the United States. We have heard it given as a reason why Canada should sympathize with a dis-appointed brigand like Colombia, that a revolution might be engineered in Canada by United States capitalists and the country recognized and incorporated in the United States before loyal souls had the chance to wink an eye. Those who talk in such a silly way forget that such a possibility presupposes that the people of Canada were unanimously in favor of such a revolution, and that again presupposes such intolerable conditions of injustice that a revolution would be justifiable. It is evident that the interference of the United States in Colombia is on an entirely different plane. Those who attack the United States in this matter are very full of what Colombia has a right to do, and of how the United States has interfered with her rights. But what about the people of Panama? Have they no rights? Have they been treated

fairly by Colombia? They do not think so, and we do not think so either. Yet they are treated as if they were of no account and the whole question lay between the United States and Colombia. Whereas, to our mind, the unanimous determination of the people of Panama to throw off the Colombian allegiance and the obvious popularity of the new arrangement was the people of Panama themselves, are the determining factors in the whole situation, and sufficient of themselves to justify the action of the United States.

It is not necessary to abuse the people of Vancouver over the result of the election, as if they had cast their votes upon the lowest possibility of grounds, that of securing predominance to their own city on the councils of the province. (Those of them who voted for the Conservative candidates at the general election certainly did not do so. But surely those who voted for the Conservative candidates at the general election could not have done otherwise than vote for Mr. Wilson at the bye-election. He received about the same number of extra votes over the Conservative maximum at the general election, as Captain Duff Stuart received over the Liberal maximum. That is quite natural, unless we are to imagine that the Labor party approved of Liberals rather than Conservatives, when it put up candidates to oppose both at the general election. There were also a large number of abstentions. Possibly the socialists did not vote at all, which would account for some of these. Possibly also, some electors of Liberal persuasion resented as an impertinence the forcing of a hopeless and useless contest upon them. Altogether far from there being any indication in the result that Vancouverites desired to exalt their own city at the expense of the rest of the province, they seem to us to have had a very proper appreciation of the best interests of the whole province. The Liberals are already raising the cry of sectionalism. They are willing to appeal to any prejudice to inflame any grievance, to arouse any unworthy feeling, if only they imagine it will bring political grist to their party mill.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

DANGER TO LUMBER INDUSTRY.

Sir,—In your issue of the 18th you state that Nanaimo people are worked up over the threatened existence of the lumber industry. Mr. Haslam of that place is quoted as saying: "The market for selling the product is the real factor in establishing values." So far very true. It will be readily understood with the \$2 duty tax imposed by Uncle Sam, the United States completely shuts out product out of their market, and with no similar tariff on our part one will readily perceive the disadvantage and unfairness of the proposition. Many of us are perhaps not aware of the fact that millions of feet of rough lumber are rushed across the line to the injury of our mills coming in free of duty without let or hindrance. Of course, this is a Dominion affair, and although of vital importance to British Columbia, may be a matter of indifference to Eastern Canadian mill men, and the Dominion government. Now, as regards competing for the sale of lumber, although our American cousins, three or four millions being shipped by one steamer alone, will plainly show with our hampered conditions and timber laws, as they now stand, the side of the line, we are right out of the swim. In Washington patented lands are bought right out; they are analogous to our crown granted lands with the exception that they are a hired man's territory, and other incumbrances, and then again another great drawback to the introduction of capital to develop our great timber resources is the fact that our lands are not properly explored, and the information to be had from the government by those who would invest. To be as brief as possible, I will rectify a few disabilities under which we suffer, and as far as possible, I will endeavor to show how we do not, in fact, have business men in view of the fact that one must in the first place, in order to obtain a timber limit, send out cruisers to find it, at considerable expense, and then find it necessary to undertake the responsibility and expense of surveying it and having completed all that, you are met with the difficulty and risk of losing it, with all your pre-conceived ideas and arrangements thrown to the wind, in the event of your non-success in bidding higher than a public competitor at public auction. It is true the government undertakes to reimburse for any outlay you can vouch for, but it is a poor proposition for the consideration of any business man, and quite enough to deter most level-headed men. Hence the large number of the timber limits being built up in Washington, where no such impediments exist. It is imperative in justice and the opening up of our resources that property rights in our timber lands be properly explored, and then put up for sale in a business-like manner, and the method would keep out of the field a broad of speculators and the price of the timber would be raised by those who intend to make some bona fide use of them. It is satisfactory to know that out of a supposed evil good results are obtained. I refer to the popular gag of the Island railway grant. The land in question fortunately being within the reach of intending timber men and without government restrictions and royalties. It may surprise some to know that the much-abused Mr. Dunsmuir is more in the light of a benefactor than is generally known by a liberal policy in disposing of some of his vast possessions. He is not adopting a dog in the manger attitude. At present a very liberal arrangement has been completed with a rich syndicate to exploit over fifty thousand acres of timber land and for that purpose about a million acres are reserved, cruisers and surveyors now being hard at work and when the lands are selected, employment will be given to thousands of working men in the near future. All this enterprise is bound to stimulate the opening up of the resources of the Island, and possibly construction of railways and other industries will follow. We are slow-changers and slow to accept a principle, and I think Mr. Dunsmuir, by his liberality and enterprise, is giving us a push in the right direction.

All manner of arguments may arise on this lumber question. Some mossbacks may say why give away our noble inheritance; while trees are growing they are becoming of more value to posterity. I think it better to cut them down and grow substitutes like our Washington friends have done.

JAMES BAY CAUSEWAY.

Sir,—I submit that newspaper controversy cannot give good value for the cent. The council in obtaining expert opinion, although tardy in so doing, is no doubt doing the best under the circumstances. Of next importance to the permanent completion of the causeway is the cost. As far as possible, is that we benefit by the experience by making it impossible of recurrence in other municipal works. At the time the Voters' League took account of the funds voted for this improvement being used for another, the following suggestion was made: "That when a by-law for the expenditure of money is to be referred to the Council, the Government of the purpose for which the money is required and the plan of its expenditure shall be made part of the by-law; that where works of construction are to be carried out at the expense of the ratepayers, and estimates shall be made part of the by-law." This would definitely place the responsibility upon the Council, and upon the engineer to the Council, and while compelling the engineer to exercise every care in completing his plans, would remove the opportunity for after-changes by the Council. A city engineer is of necessity responsible for work in his department and if called

upon to carry out an extraordinary work, has the same right to demand consultation as a physician in like circumstances, but under no circumstances should he be interfered with in the carrying out of his plans once they are passed upon by the Council. This is always supposing the engineer to be competent.

In England, and still more in the United States, the contract system is favored as being the only means of safeguarding a city against loss. A contractor can be compelled, under bond, to complete his contract for the price named, subject to the approval of the city engineer, but it is obviously impossible to compel a city engineer to back up his mistakes or mishaps with hard cash.

A. J. MORLEY.

Nov. 19th, 1903.

WHAT THE COLONIES WOULD DO.

From The Statist. It is sometimes objected by persons who desire the consolidation of the Empire, but are opposed to Mr. Chamberlain's plan, that preferential trade will hinder instead of promoting the object in view. As Mr. Chamberlain explained at Glasgow, his intention is to preserve the Empire, and when offering them preferential trade, not to impose fresh protective duties for the purpose of fostering industries that do not now exist, which have been called into existence by protective duties, of course it is not contemplated to interfere with the colonies would not sacrifice them if we were foolish enough to ask them to do so. It is not intended to ask them, "Therefore, will continue. But Mr. Chamberlain thinks that the colonies would be ready to undertake not to call into being by artificial means industries not now existing, but to give the colonies the advantages of preferential trade. To this it is objected that the colonies are very unlikely to agree, and that if they do agree, they will be acting foolishly. The true Imperial idea, it is urged, is that every portion of the Empire should be as prosperous as possible; that, therefore, every portion of the Empire should turn to the best possible account its natural resources, and consequently, that wherever an opportunity offers for founding new industries they should be founded. If that be so, then it would be unpatriotic of the colonies to bind themselves not to call new industries into being by artificial means, and it would be unwise on our part to ask them to do so. They would be weakening, or, at all events, they would be preventing an increase of strength in the Empire at large. There is some force in the argument, but it is carried entirely too far. It is, of course, the true Imperial idea that every part of the Empire should be as prosperous as it can be made. But it is not part of the true Imperial idea that any one part or any number of parts of the Empire should use artificial means to force into being a competition which does not exist with other parts of the Empire. No body in his senses would think of putting protective duties on the growth of some industry, say, in England, that would be injurious to Scotland or Ireland, or in Scotland or Ireland that would be injurious to England. Why, then, supposing the Empire were federated, and that all parts were thoroughly loyal and united, should any colony artificially call into existence a means of competing with the mother country?

PRESS COMMENT.

Lord Penrhyn, the Welsh peer, who has been engaged in a contest with a labor union for over three years, has at last won, and the strike has ended in the unconditional surrender of the men. The great wealth of Lord Penrhyn enabled him to hold out until he won. The issue was not a question of wages, but of union management. Lord Penrhyn inherited the famous slate quarries at Bethesda, North Wales, from his father, and employed 3,000 miners in 1900 he refused to deal any further with union committees and discharged a number of men, which led to the last strike. Since then he has employed a number of non-union men, but has never had as large a force as before the strike—Portland Oregonian.

Another fact to which the whole of Manitoba and the Territories offer striking testimony is the flexibility of labor conditions. The labor of one season becomes a farmer the next. The experience he gains on somebody else's farm on which he finds employment as a hired man is turned to good purpose on his own holding. When he begins the cultivation of his 160 acre section he becomes a consumer on a considerable scale. He requires hats, boots, machinery, the help of others, buildings, more clothes and comforts and conveniences. He is giving stability and permanency to labor, enlarges its circuit and promotes its prosperity.—Ottawa Free Press.

But it is not a question of history. History proves nothing of the present. The question of today is, Are the Bourassa French Canadians of new? Would they fight for the Empire—even for Canada, now? Perhaps they would; but Mr. Bourassa's remarks upon militarism and his declaration that the militia is not a good purpose to do it without training; without a knowledge or arms; without proper equipment.—Hamilton Spectator.

WOOL GLOVES

The New Sleeve Handkerchiefs are selling. Many have been waiting for these. Prices 15c., 20c., 25c. to 50c. each. In plain faced edged and embroidered.

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PROVINCIAL PRESS.

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In the past six weeks three sets of twins have been born in Nelson, four boys and two girls. October and the beginning November always show the largest birth rate in Nelson, the average for this period being nearly twice that of any similar number of days in the year. During the past three years the average number of births in this period has been close to fifty. From the government returns on the subject, it appears that Nelson has the largest birthrate for the year, according to population of any town or city in Canada. Vancouver coming second.—Nelson News.

Princeton is the luckiest place for the supply of fuel that can be found anywhere on the continent. If you are in the world. First class coal at the mine of the Vernallion Forks Co. within 300 yards of the centre of the town at \$3 per ton and would any place along both the Similkameen and the Thompson river flats and benches, may be had almost for the carrying away. The coal answers admirably for steaming and domestic purposes, and is used extensively by Gordon's ranch, located in blacksmiths. As to the coking qualities of the coal in this section some of the seams analyzed as high as 62 per cent of fixed carbon, and 7 per cent of ash in the crude coal taken at the surface. When properly attained no doubt the coal will improve in all coal mines.—Similkameen Star.

What is believed to be the first of the preliminary moves in connection with the final arrangements for the completion of the V. V. & E construction from Kootenay to the Coast has just been made in New York, where over seven millions in Great Northern securities have been placed on the market.—The funds are manifestly

has the same right to demand consultation as a physician in like circumstances, but under no circumstances should he be interfered with in the carrying out of his plans once they are passed upon by the Council. This is always supposing the engineer to be competent.

In England, and still more in the United States, the contract system is favored as being the only means of safeguarding a city against loss. A contractor can be compelled, under bond, to complete his contract for the price named, subject to the approval of the city engineer, but it is obviously impossible to compel a city engineer to back up his mistakes or mishaps with hard cash.

A. J. MORLEY.

Nov. 19th, 1903.

WHAT THE COLONIES WOULD DO.

From The Statist. It is sometimes objected by persons who desire the consolidation of the Empire, but are opposed to Mr. Chamberlain's plan, that preferential trade will hinder instead of promoting the object in view. As Mr. Chamberlain explained at Glasgow, his intention is to preserve the Empire, and when offering them preferential trade, not to impose fresh protective duties for the purpose of fostering industries that do not now exist, which have been called into existence by protective duties, of course it is not contemplated to interfere with the colonies would not sacrifice them if we were foolish enough to ask them to do so. It is not intended to ask them, "Therefore, will continue. But Mr. Chamberlain thinks that the colonies would be ready to undertake not to call into being by artificial means industries not now existing, but to give the colonies the advantages of preferential trade. To this it is objected that the colonies are very unlikely to agree, and that if they do agree, they will be acting foolishly. The true Imperial idea, it is urged, is that every portion of the Empire should be as prosperous as possible; that, therefore, every portion of the Empire should turn to the best possible account its natural resources, and consequently, that wherever an opportunity offers for founding new industries they should be founded. If that be so, then it would be unpatriotic of the colonies to bind themselves not to call new industries into being by artificial means, and it would be unwise on our part to ask them to do so. They would be weakening, or, at all events, they would be preventing an increase of strength in the Empire at large.

There is some force in the argument, but it is carried entirely too far. It is, of course, the true Imperial idea that every part of the Empire should be as prosperous as it can be made. But it is not part of the true Imperial idea that any one part or any number of parts of the Empire should use artificial means to force into being a competition which does not exist with other parts of the Empire. No body in his senses would think of putting protective duties on the growth of some industry, say, in England, that would be injurious to Scotland or Ireland, or in Scotland or Ireland that would be injurious to England. Why, then, supposing the Empire were federated, and that all parts were thoroughly loyal and united, should any colony artificially call into existence a means of competing with the mother country?

PRESS COMMENT.

Lord Penrhyn, the Welsh peer, who has been engaged in a contest with a labor union for over three years, has at last won, and the strike has ended in the unconditional surrender of the men. The great wealth of Lord Penrhyn enabled him to hold out until he won. The issue was not a question of wages, but of union management. Lord Penrhyn inherited the famous slate quarries at Bethesda, North Wales, from his father, and employed 3,000 miners in 1900 he refused to deal any further with union committees and discharged a number of men, which led to the last strike. Since then he has employed a number of non-union men, but has never had as large a force as before the strike—Portland Oregonian.

Another fact to which the whole of Manitoba and the Territories offer striking testimony is the flexibility of labor conditions. The labor of one season becomes a farmer the next. The experience he gains on somebody else's farm on which he finds employment as a hired man is turned to good purpose on his own holding. When he begins the cultivation of his 160 acre section he becomes a consumer on a considerable scale. He requires hats, boots, machinery, the help of others, buildings, more clothes and comforts and conveniences. He is giving stability and permanency to labor, enlarges its circuit and promotes its prosperity.—Ottawa Free Press.

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SPENCER'S

WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

COMMENT ABOUT PRICES.

Some common errors, accepted by a few people, create barriers to successful retailing. The development of the modern Retail Store idea upon the highest lines is a matter of far greater importance to the public than to the merchant. Their aggregate interest is far greater than his, and his success concerns the public who buy from him.

OPINIONS ABOUT PRICES.

It gave us a sort of start in glancing over our advertisements for the past few days to find almost every item a bargain offer-

ing. Why should it? Anything to be ashamed of?—it should be a matter of pride and it is. The sneer at the word "bargain" is a thing of the past. What would you think of your newspaper should it fail to report the bargains, if such there be in stocks or bonds?

You open your newspaper to find the news at Spencer's, and if there is bargains in the retail market why shouldn't you have it.

BARGAINS are the Eddies of Retailing; the great volume of regular traffic goes on steadily all the time.

AN IMPORTANT SALE of MEN'S TROUSERS, SATURDAY

\$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$4.75
\$5.00, \$5.75 and \$6.25 qualities.
FOR \$2.90 A PAIR

Six Hundred Pairs in the Lot. All Fine Stripe English Worsteds. Trousers that any Gentleman can wear. Patterns that you would order from your tailor. Qualities as Good as our BEST REGULAR TROUSER.

THE ENTIRE LOT ON SALE SATURDAY AT \$2.90 PER PAIR.

SALE OF KID GLOVES TO-DAY
At 75c, Regular Value, \$1.00

A good Glove for street wear. The reason these Gloves were bought to sell at the price is that they were wrongly sized and had to be resized. As this is in the inside of the Glove it does not effect the looks or the wearing qualities. Price while they last, 75c. pair.

HANDKERCHIEFS

The New Sleeve Handkerchiefs are selling. Many have been waiting for these. Prices 15c., 20c., 25c. to 50c. each.

In plain faced edged and embroidered.

WOOL GLOVES

Fur Top Gloves 75c.; Boys' Wool Lined Gloves, 75c.

The New Sleeve Handkerchiefs are selling. Many have been waiting for these. Prices 15c. to 50c. In plain, hemstitched, lace edged and embroidered linen.

Men's \$2.50 Fur Felt Hats; TODAY \$1.50 each.

GLOVES Does a DOLLAR Count in Buying Shoes?

A splendid selection of Wool Gloves for boys and girls for 25c. pair. Fur-lined Gloves for ladies and misses, 75c.

Boys' English Make Wool-lined Gloves, 75c.

HATS

Seventy-five Specially Trimmed Hats at \$2.50, and 75 at \$5.00.

This collection of Freshly Trimmed Hats for women might have been shown for one-third to one-half more, but we had planned this special and they go at this price for today and Saturday.

Crossett Shoes for men; all styles, all leathers; weather-proof soles. Price \$4.50.

Box Calf Shoes for women. Price \$2.50.

Dongola Kid Shoes, Goodyear welt, for women. Price \$3.00.

Men's Box Calf Shoes, leather lined, \$2.10.

Men's Box Calf, Kid and Satin Calf Shoes. Price, \$2.65.

..SPENCERS..

ONLY 5 WEEKS TILL XMAS

Our stocks of good things still keep coming in, and now we have even larger and better assorted stocks of the Christmas needs than two weeks ago. We bought the choicest of everything in the best markets in large quantities, and are therefore within the reach of every pocketbook.

READ OUR LIST AND IT WILL INTEREST YOU.

New Elme and Fancy California Table Figs, from 10c. to 35c. per lb.

New Choice Clusters and Dehesa Clusters, from 15c. to 35c. per lb.

New Fancy Sultanas, the finest, from 10c. to 20c. per lb.

New Extra Select Off Stock Valencia, from 10c. to 12c. per lb.

The "West End" Grocery Co. Ltd. 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

The Saunders Grocery Co. Ltd. 20 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET.

THE BEST LIGHT IS The Electric

B. C. Electric Ry. Co., 35 Yates Street.

And at the rates we charge it is within the means of all. The greatest expense, and what deters many from using it, is the installation of the necessary wiring. We will bear half the expense of this work if you are living in a rented house. Call and get particulars.

New Fruits And Nuts

FROM EUROPE.

Have arrived and we want you to call and inspect them, as they are particularly nice and we feel satisfied that you will place your order.

Selected Valencia Raisins.
Selected Sultanas,
Smyrna Figs, 2 1-2 inch.
rich and juicy.
Jordan Almonds, Shelled.
Granoble Walnuts, Shelled.

Best Currants, Patra's.
Best Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.
Best Table Raisins.
Valencia Almonds, Shelled.
Ground Almonds.

Mowat & Wallace, The Leading Grocers
 Union Store. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

New York, Nov. 19.—Prices in the stock market showed a tendency to harden slowly again today. The most active stock was United States Steel preferred, which advanced 1/4 cent to 45 1/4. The market for other stocks was quiet, with a few exceptions. The market for bonds was also quiet, with a few exceptions. The market for gold was also quiet, with a few exceptions.

Very discouraging reports were in circulation in the city regarding the rate of earnings on the present output of United States Steel, and rumors were very persistent on the entry of large interests in the United States Steel company. The market for bonds was also quiet, with a few exceptions. The market for gold was also quiet, with a few exceptions.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological office, Victoria, Nov. 19.—8 p. m. SYNOPSIS.

The storm area which has been hovering off the coast for many days, is spreading inland, accompanied by milder weather and a general rainfall. Heavy rains have also occurred in California and fresh easterly gales still prevail at Cape Flattery. The weather is becoming much milder in California and Alberta.

TEMPERATURE.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

THURSDAY, NOV. 19.

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time) Friday:

Victoria and winds: Fresh or strong southerly winds, unsettled and mild with rain.

Lower Mainland: Continued unsettled and mild with rain.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

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ALARMED FOR ITALIA.

Fears for an overdue vessel as a result of wreckage being seen.

As a result of an alarming report concerning the German bark Thalia, now out on the Pacific for Europe, that vessel was posted as overdue yesterday.

The rate of reinsurance on the Norwegian bark Daisy was advanced yesterday to 50 per cent. She is out on the Pacific for Europe, that vessel was posted as overdue yesterday.

DEVELOPMENT OF YOKOHAMA.

Up till the time of the extra-territorial jurisdiction in the open ports of Japan, the foreign settlements were under conditions which prevented much development.

Neither the foreign residents, nor the Japanese merchants had much interest in bringing about improvements. The former were not to make investments which would chiefly benefit their successors, while the latter had neither the inclination, nor the power, to undertake such improvements.

However, things have changed very much, and there are now regular corporations which look after the public interests in their widest sense, and have the power to make assessments to pay for the improvements.

The new Mayor of Yokohama, recently named by the Dai Ichi Bank, and who accompanied Baron Shikokawa on his visit to Europe last year, is evidently determined to make his tenure of office remarkable for public improvements which will add to the importance of Yokohama.

Probably many of our readers are aware that before the advent of foreigners Yokohama was a mere fishing village, and that it was against the wishes not only of the Japanese authorities, but also of the foreign residents, that the foreign merchants settled in Yokohama, the place selected for them having been Kanagawa, some two or three miles inland. The merchants saw the necessity of proximity to the sea and to a position where a good harbor was possible, and after a struggle they had their way.

New Yokohama and Kanagawa are united by continuous buildings and are under the same government. Recently the mayor assembled about 200 of the most influential citizens, and delivered a stirring address, in which he told them that they must wake up, and laid before them an extensive programme of public works and civic developments, including an improved harbor and anchorage, breakwater, custom house facilities, roads, bridges, railway facilities, establishment of manufacturing, a new sewerage system, hospitals, schools, charitable associations, museums, parks and attractions for sightseers. In fact, he seems to have pictured an ideal city, and from what we know of Mr. Ishihara's experience as a practical man of business and a financier, we are sure that he will do his best to convert his picture into a reality. At the preliminary meeting he did not enter into details, but the Japan Gazette (a British owned paper, published in Yokohama), writing on the subject, said, "A substantial loan would apparently have to be raised, and there ought to be little difficulty in securing such a loan, with or without special guarantees."

The mayor suggested that the disposal of municipal property or franchises; the mayor, who has traveled abroad, has doubtless full familiarity with all the processes for raising the wind that obtain in Western municipalities. In Yokohama, comprising foreigners and Japanese, which would not only give opportunities for social intercourse, but also for the discussion of all matters affecting the welfare of the town, a committee to advance the objects of the meeting was appointed, consisting of 10 members of the Municipal Council, 10 members of the Yokohama Chamber of Commerce, 10 citizens, three members of the Aldermen's Council and the president of the Chamber of Commerce. All who are interested in Japan will watch the outcome of this meeting, as it may possibly mark not only an important development in the history of Yokohama, but also a new departure in the relations of Japanese and foreign residents in Japan.—Engineering.

Storekeeper—I found the gold links that I thought I lost. Inspector—That's a pity. I've just found a clew to the 'Peep'—Boston Globe.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

ONE CENT, ONE WORD, ONE ISSUE.
 No Advertisement Inserted For Less Than 25c.

The Oriental Hotel

36 Yates St.

Mrs. W. McKee, Proprietress.

The charges at this excellent Hotel are a marvel, only \$1.25 to \$1.50 a day. The best of food and clean, warm rooms is the motto at the Oriental. Rooms without board if required.

MONEY-LOAN

ON FURNITURE, PLANS, ORGANS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, FARM IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS AND LIVE STOCK. Payments monthly. Address: BRITISH LOAN COMPANY, Box 207, Chy.

Marine Iron Works

ANDREW GRAY, PROP. PATENT ATTORNEY, NEW MACHINES. Designed and perfected. A specialty. WORKS, PEMBROKE STREET. Telephone 681. Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE

TUG RUTH, new and complete or her machinery, as follows: One Simple Compound Marine Engine, One Surface Condenser, One Circulating Steam Pump, One Scotch Marine Boiler, 7 feet 3 inches by 10 feet, and fittings, pipes, smoke stack, etc. All in first class working order. For particulars apply to H. A. JONES, 405 CORDOVA ST., VANCOUVER, B. C.

Just Received the Latest Styles Of

Hair Ornaments

Allegretto Shell Pins Combs

Mrs. Kosche's, 55 Douglas St.

CORDWOOD AND STOVEWOOD

Truck, Dray and General Teaming Done.

J. E. PAINTER, Office, 21 Cormorant Street, Residence, 17 Pine street, Victoria West. Telephone 426.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Robert John Russell, Deceased.

Take notice that pursuant to the Trustee and Executors Act, all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of the above deceased, are requested to send by post or deliver to the undersigned on or before the 14th of December, 1903, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions of the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And after the date that after such last mentioned date the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been received, and that the said executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 13th day of November, 1903.

MEPHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD, Bankers of Montreal, Canada, corner of Government and Bastion Streets, Victoria, B. C. Solicitors for the Executors.

Properties For Sale.

Residence lots on Gorge Road and Victoria Arm.

Section XX, Victoria District, 40 acres. Section XVI, Esquimalt District, 23 acres.

Section IV, Sooke District, 20 acres. Offers to purchase same will be received by J. STUART YATES

VACUUM DEVELOPER

will positively cure weakness, local rheumatism and kind of troubles. It will restore without drugs or electricity. It is Nature's Remedy scientifically applied. Write for descriptive free book, sealed.

HEALTH APPLIANCE CO., Security Bldg., 701 First Avenue, Seattle, Wash.

STOCK AND GRAIN BROKER

F. W. STEVENSON

Orders executed for Purchase and Sale of New York Stocks and Grain for cash or on margin.

PHONE 302. NO. 21 BROAD ST.

All mineral rights are reserved by the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company within the tract of land bounded on the south by the southern boundary of Comox District, on the east by the Straits of Georgia, on the north by the 90th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the B. & N. Railway land grant.

LEONARD H. SOLL, Land Commissioner.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that we have deposited with the Minister of Public Works, Ottawa, and the Registrar General of Titles, Victoria, B. C., plans and description of site, of a wharf proposed to be constructed by John Raymond of Victoria, Esquimalt, in Victoria Harbor, immediately fronting his property known as Lot 543A, and further, that we have on behalf of the said John Raymond, applied to the Governor-in-Council for approval thereof.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 17th day of October, 1903.

YATES & JAY, 22 Bastion St., Victoria, B. C. Solicitors for the Applicant.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Private Bills Notice.

The time limited by the Rules of the House for receiving Petitions for Private Bills will expire on the seventh day of December, 1903.

Bills must be presented to the House not later than the 17th day of December, 1903. Reports from Committees on Private Bills will not be received after the 24th day of December, 1903.

Dated this 25th day of September, 1903.

THORNTON FELL, Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that we have deposited with the Minister of Public Works, Ottawa, and the Registrar General of Titles, Victoria, B. C., plans and description of site, of a wharf proposed to be constructed by Herbert E. Beckwith, of Victoria aforesaid, in Victoria Harbor, immediately fronting his property known as Lot 54A, and further, that we have on behalf of the said Herbert E. Beckwith applied to the Governor-General-in-Council for approval thereof.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 17th day of October, 1903.

YATES & JAY, 22 Bastion St., Victoria, B. C. Solicitors for the Applicant.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; 6 Superior street. 621

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—Light housework by the day. Apply 118 Douglas street. 620

WANTED—Position as stenographer, assistant bookkeeper, or general office work. Six years' experience. J. D., this office. 627

LADY WANTS housekeeper's position or salary. Refused, thoroughly reliable; best references. Apply H. W. L., this office. 613

SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street.

Bookkeeping thoroughly taught; also shorthand and typewriting. F. A. Macmillan, Principal. 614

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A good plumber, best wages paid to right man. Apply George J. Cook, Naval Outfitter and Contractor, 86 Fort street, or Esquimalt. 620

WANTED—An energetic typewriter salesman at once. Apply C2, this office. 620

WANTED—Collector and canvasser wanted. Salary and commission. Apply Geo. J. Atack, 108 Government street. 620

WANTED—Teacher (married man preferred) for Craigflower Public School, Dunsmuir, B. C. Apply to Mr. J. J. Wilson, Sec'y Board of School Trustees, Victoria, B. C. 618

WANTED—A man aged 25 to 35, with at least two years' experience as a wholesale wagon salesman, to do special work. References. Address J. H. T., Colonist. 618

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, aged 20, seeks employment in mercantile firm or store. Willing to work in any capacity. Salary no object. Address J. T., this office. 619

EDUCATIONAL.

WANTED—Tuition in boarding or technical school. Knowledge especially desired in mineralogy. Please send terms, etc., to Wing Chong, 8 Cormorant St. 615

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Monday, ladies' black bag. Spectacles and visiting cards inside, on Henry or Gorge road. Finder rewarded on returning to this office. 620

LOST—Young pointer dog answers to name Daisy. Return to H. Denkin, corner Belcher and Oak Bay Avenue. Any one harboring same after this notice will be prosecuted. 620

LOST—Gold chain bracelet with padlock. Reward if returned to 57 Government street. 620

LOST—A Gordon setter bitch, seven months old. Reward if returned to J. S. Hickford, Jessie street, Victoria West, or Redding's Grocery Store. 615

LOST—On Wednesday between Fernwood and Cook street, on Clatsop St., a black purse containing about \$65 in notes and silver. Finder please return to Colonist office. 618

LOST—An amethyst and pearl brooch pin. Finder please return to 97 Quadra street. Reward. 610

FOUND—On Blanchard street, pearl handled silver fork knife. Apply The Rectory, Church Hill. 611

FOUND—Ladies' bracelet, on Oak Bay avenue. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Apply Mrs. Humphries, Hilt street, or Oak Bay avenue. 613

SITUATIONS VACANT.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY AT HOME—Earn from fifty to one hundred and fifty dollars per month. Our system absolutely most complete and up to date. Endorsed by leading railroad officials. Situations secured. Write for catalogue. Telegraph Correspondence Institute, Box 680, Toronto, Ont. 615

TENDERS.

TENDERS WANTED—Tenders are invited by the undersigned till Monday the 23rd, for the painting and plastering of two-story house on Constance avenue at the rear of Beaumont P. O. Figure on white labor. No Chinese employed. Apply Geo. J. Cook, Naval Outfitter and Contractor, 86 Fort street, city. 620

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK.

WANTED—A good horse and light delivery wagon. State price and where to be seen to Delivery, Colonist office. 620

FOR SALE—Six hundred Swiss Laced Wyandotte fowls. H. W. Bullock, Salt Spring Island. 613

FOR SALE—Ten Leghorn hens, yearlings; 10 Minorca pullets, 8 Buff Leghorn pullets, and 10 White Rock dits. Several Andalusian pullets cheap. Mrs. Dym, Saturna P. O. 619

FOR SALE CHEAP—Saddle horse suitable for ladies and children. Apply Horse, Colonist. 619

FOR SALE—Cow, 104 Dallas road. 618

FOR SALE—Two bay horses, 5 and 7 years, about 1200 and 1300. Apply Bowman's stables, Yates street. 618

PHRENOLOGY.

KNOW THY FUTURE—Iona Foster, the world's greatest palmist and occult worker, draws aside the uncertain veils ahead; happiness and success go hand in hand, yet hundreds fall where success is possible were it not for a lack of foresight into the future. If you are in trouble of any kind, discontented, unhappy or not satisfied in life, consult Iona Foster, for she is a prophetess of world wide fame, and her name has become a household word in thousands of homes, happy by her aid and advice. There is no home so dreary and sad, no life so hard and blighted, no heart so sad and lonely, no condition of circumstances so complicated that can not be set right and kept right, after a visit to this inspired prophet. Consult her while you can; her stay is brief; few within reach of all. X-B-Palmistry, hypnosis, thought and magnetic persons developed. 60 Fort street. 620

TO RENT—RESIDENCES.

TO LET—Furnished seven-room house, all modern conveniences; five minutes' walk from post office. Terms moderate. Apply K. J., Colonist office. 620

TO LET—Furnished house, seven-rooms, one acre ground. Apply Mr. Hunt, Esquimalt road. 620

TO RENT—Fully furnished house, with modern conveniences. Apply 8 Richardson street. 610

TO RENT—Furnished house, nine rooms with bathroom and pantry; hot and cold water, all modern conveniences; 12 minutes' walk from post office, on Beacon Hill car line. Cheap to desirable party. Address Home, Colonist office. 617

TO LET—Very desirable five-room cottage close to town, thoroughly renovated throughout, modern conveniences. Hesterman & Co. 614

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FOR SALE

50 lots, good location, within 15 minutes of Post Office, on monthly installments of \$10 each (interest 4 per cent only), good soil, no rock.

B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, LTD

40 Government St.

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FOR SALE—Bargain. New modern nine-roomed house on Nanaimo street, near Park. Apply E. C. B. Bagshaw, 18 Truncheon avenue. 620

FOR SALE—House and lot 9x120. A bargain. Apply 90 Pandora street. 615

FOR SALE—\$2,000—Six-roomed cottage and three lots, centrally located; a bargain. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 624

FOR SALE—Five-roomed cottage on Pioneer street, handy to city. Cheap. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 617

\$1,000—Five-roomed cottage, bath and pantry, one lot, fruit trees. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 614

\$1,000—Five-roomed cottage, bath, electric light, corner lot, also beautiful furniture at a low figure. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 615

FOR SALE—\$1,000—Six-roomed cottage, bath, corner lot, on monthly installment plan. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 613

FOR SALE—Water front lot and A1 dwelling, modern, handy to car and within 10 minutes of post office; very cheap. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 621

TO RENT—ROOM AND BOARD.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with all conveniences. 182 Fort street. 618

FOR RENT—Suite of housekeeping rooms, 54 Humboldt street. 618

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms on suite at Elmore House, 104 Pandora. Apply 97 Quadra street. 618

TO LET—Nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite. 170 Johnson street. 622

TO LET—Two nice furnished front rooms for gentlemen in private family, two minutes from Parliament Buildings. Apply "Omeka," Colonist office. 613

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Cash grocery business. Rent \$15; stock and fixtures low. Apply 39 Humboldt street. 619

WANTED—To purchase for cash good going business about five or six hundred dollars. Address "Business," Colonist. 618

BUSINESS FOR SALE—A first class business in Victoria for sale as a going concern. Party retiring from business. For particulars apply A. B. C. office of this paper. 613

MISCELLANEOUS.

AMPLE TREES—10,000 splendid trees. Catalogue free. Mt. Tolmie Nursery. Established 1880. Victoria, B. C. 610

TO RENT—Farm of 100 acres, with house, barn, etc., in South Saanich. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, 40 Government street. 618

NEWEST DESIGNS in Xmas Cards, hand painted, at Hibernia's, ready for mailing home. 614

FOR RENT—Cigar stand. Space for cigar stand, good location. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 628

CHIMNEYS SWEEP—From 50c. Smoky chimneys cured. No mess; 4 Broughton street. 620

TO LET OR FOR SALE—One of the finest building sites in Victoria West; sea view; also six room house for sale or to let. Apply Victoria West Coal Office. 627

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—On lease, about 10 acres land with good buildings, close to city. T. A., Colonist. 619

WANTED FOR CASH—Two matured shares in Dominion Co-operative Association. State terms, to "Alex," Colonist office. 610

WE WOULD LIKE to get a copy of The Advertising World into the hands of every person who keeps any kind of a store. May we have your address?—The Advertising World, Columbus, Ohio. 625

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A first class jump seat top buggy, nearly new, in perfect condition. John Meaton's Carriage Factory, 1100 street. 620

FOR SALE—Two full sized magic lanterns for dissolving; also one hundred and fifty views. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 618

FOR SALE CHEAP—Machinery for saw-mills, capacity 10,000 per day. Apply Leigh Bros. sawmill. 610

FOR SALE—North End—Two-story 6-roomed house, with bath, hot and cold water, sewerage, and a large stable, all in first class condition for \$1,000, on easy terms. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 618

FOR SALE—North End—Two-story 6-room house, in good order, 25x120, all for \$1,000, on easy terms. Owner will take less for cash. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 618

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Second-hand organ, nearly new. G. A. D. Filton, 123 Douglas. 623

\$2750—Two acres, 7-roomed house, stone foundation. All in first class shape, under cultivation and tile drained. A bargain. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street. 614

A Bargain!

A COTTAGE AND FOUR LOTS ON YATES AND VIEW STREETS FOR SALE AT A VERY LOW FIGURE.

Pemberton & Son, 45 Fort Street

EGG FOOD

Do you want eggs from your poultry? If so, feed our Excellior Meal and Beef Scraps.

Sylvester Feed Co., 37-39 YATES STREET TEL. 413.

Along the Waterfront

Tug Sampson Secured By R. Dunsinuir to Tow Barges to Alaska.

Riojun Maru Expected From the Orient—C. D. Rand May Be Saved.

The tug Sampson, which has a fine record for towing off the Columbia river bar, has been chartered by Mr. Robin Dunsinuir of this city, not by R. Dunsinuir & Sons Co., as incorrectly stated by the evening paper. She has been chartered with an option of purchase, and will leave Portland on Wednesday next for Victoria. Mr. R. Dunsinuir has also purchased the bark Oregon, having made the deal personally at San Francisco with W. E. Higgin & Co., and the bark left the Golden Gate on Monday to sail to this port. She will then be towed to Ladysmith, where she will be dismantled and converted into a barge. Mr. Dunsinuir has secured the barges Richard III, and the Kerr from R. Dunsinuir & Sons Co., and with the tug Sampson, which will arrive toward the end of next week, will start to tow the barges to the Treadwell mines from the island mines of R. Dunsinuir & Sons Co., and bringing cargoes of concentrates south.

The tug Sampson is a fine tug, second only to the Lorne in power and speed. She has made a fine record in sea-going towing off the turbulent Columbia river bar. Her visit to this port was the first in two weeks ago, when she brought up the barge Washburn and loaded a load of coal on her tow at Ladysmith. The tug ran out of the Straits into the teeth of a heavy south-east gale, and her tow lost its deckload. But despite the buffeting of the storm the tug never lost her tow. She is fitted with the Shaw and Spiegel steam towing gear, and this adds much to her towing abilities.

WANT LARGE VESSEL.

Northeastern Siberian Company Negotiating for the Garonne.

The Northeastern Siberian Company and the Northwestern Commercial Company, kindred corporations, are in the field for the purchase or charter of a large vessel, and in this connection are negotiating for the steamship Garonne, owned by the Frank Waterhouse Company. They purpose securing between now and the opening of the next season a large freight and passenger carrier for the route from Siberia to the coast of Alaska. The companies already own the steamship Manuense and several smaller vessels.

Agents of various California and Oregon transportation companies have been for several days past trying to charter some of the larger vessels of the Nome fleet, notably the steamships Oregon, Roanoke and Ohio. So far, the negotiations are in the embryo stage. Any one of the vessels named and others of the Nome fleet are open for suitable charters for a limited time only, for the Ohio, Oregon and Roanoke will be for sale to arrive in Victoria from Japan this year, is expected to arrive today from the Orient, making a long voyage. The steamer sailed from Yokohama on November 14th and is expected to arrive on Wednesday. The steamer Empress of Japan, which took from here a large complement of passengers, including two well-known newspaper correspondents, expectant of trouble in the Orient, arrived at Yokohama on Saturday last for Victoria from Hongkong and the Orient, is due here on the 30th. The steamer Athenian of the C. P. R. line also sailed on the 14th last, and she is expected to reach port on the 28th.

The steamer Calcasieu of the Blue Funnel line, now loading a heavy cargo of salmon, is expected to arrive on Wednesday. The steamer Calcasieu is a fine vessel, and is expected to arrive at the Ocean docks on Monday to load a large shipment of salmon, which has been accumulating there since she left here on her homeward voyage from Liverpool and the Far East. She will take a small shipment of salmon. The shipments of this fish have been much smaller this year, owing to the poor run of fish.

The steamer Moana of the Canadian-Australian line, left Honolulu on Wednesday for this port, and is due here on Wednesday next.

MAY BE SAVED.

Further advices received regarding the

ASTHMA CAN BE CURED

And Is Being Permanently Cured Daily by Clarke's Kola Compound.

Why do you continue to suffer from this terrible, torturing disease, now, honestly, why do you? You know it is tearing down your system and making your life miserable. There is only one way out of your difficulty. Take Clarke's Kola Compound. It has cured thousands of others and will cure you.

Mr. R. N. Hume, C. P. R. engineer, Western Division, Kintlogue, B. C., writes: "For more than twelve years I have been troubled more or less with asthma, and during the last two years the attacks became so severe and frequent that I had to stop work for weeks at a time. Many nights I could not sleep lying down at all. Nothing I could get gave me more than a little temporary relief until the C. P. R. doctor prescribed Clarke's Kola Compound for me in Dec. '97. I took in all three bottles which helped me from the start, and since completing the third bottle have been completely cured. I have not had a single attack of asthma now for nearly three years, and express a pleasure in recommending anything so worthy as Clarke's Kola Compound. I know a lady in my town even worse than I was, whom I cured."

Clarke's Kola Compound is sold by Chemists everywhere. \$2.00 per bottle or three for \$5.00. Book on Asthma mailed free by The C. P. R. Co., Limited, 121 Church Street, Toronto, Canada.

Green Gets The Decision

Rather Tame Affair Ends With Award That Causes Much Dispute.

Attell Though Under Heavy Handicap Makes a Fine Showing.

Referee Bennett declared the preliminary six-round boxing contest at the Victoria theatre last night between Cupman, of the royal navy, and Griffith, of Victoria, a draw; and Referee Harry Dodd awarded the twenty-round contest, between Caesar Attell, of San Francisco, and Dick Green, of Chicago, to the latter. It was the opinion of a very large section of the spectators, including nearly all the experienced judges of boxing, that both decisions were possibly the most rankly rotten ever given in this city.

In the first place, Cupman proved himself at all points the cleverer boxer, and he had Griffith in such a condition at the conclusion of the sixth round that another would unquestionably have given Cupman the contest without the aid of the referee. If ever a decision was honestly earned, it was by the clever blue-jacket, and the declaration of a draw was received with shouts of disapproval. Griffith boxed well, but Cupman at no time was in any danger and clearly outpointed his opponent in every round, and in the sixth had him badly distressed.

It is exceedingly difficult to understand how Referee Dodd could have given the decision to Green when all the facts are taken into account. Attell was boxing away out of his class in matching with Green; for the latter could not lay a glove on him other than 12 or 15 pounds more than Attell and he is fully a head taller. In fact he is a heavy lightweight while Attell is on the feather line. Add to this the fact that Griffith had a record of 10 wins and 15 losses, while Green has a record of 10 wins and 15 losses, and he is older and has much more experience of the game than Attell, and the odds become almost comical.

Yet, what are the facts about last night's match? Simply that Green could make nothing at all of Attell; never once did he knock him down, never once did he even touch him with his fists. The referee's judgment of the game is to be deceived by a boxer smothering up once in a while, although there must have been a fair-sized crowd in the house last night who had never seen a boxing contest so far from being a fair fight. A most careful and impartial stenographic note of the contest from bell to bell shows that Attell had a much larger percentage of leads and count, and that he delivered by far the greater number of really effective blows. Where the inexperienced referee, and perhaps the referee, were deceived, was probably in failing to appreciate Green's favorite strategy, left for the right, which became monotonous in its frequency, at its real worth. That those blows meant absolutely nothing except to excite that portion of the crowd which was not sufficiently intelligent to distinguish between a boxing glove and a Dutch cheese, is proved by the fact that although several of them reached Attell's nose in every round, they failed at any time to bring away any color. This weak, ineffective, time-wasting delivery that made the inexperienced portion of the crowd roar with delight. To be effective the straight left for the face must be a timed blow—that is, it must be delivered exactly at the moment that the opponent is in a position to be delivered, and it is a nasty, jarring knock that makes the best of them cautious. It was not once so delivered by Green last night.

Another handicap for Attell was the referee's expert against him by those of the audience who had never seen a boxing glove in action before, and who gravely applauded all the errors and missed all the points.

Green has a peculiar style. He looks as if he was just about to spring a surprise of deadly blows and jabs that must annihilate his unfortunate opponent; but strange to say round after round passed last night with nothing from him but the feeble straight left that did not even back the somewhat prominent nose of his opponent. Disappointed at so much terrific style and so terrifically little result, Ritchie had something of the same thing, but he had also a hard knock behind it—and by the way, last night's fight is not to be mentioned on the same side of the world with the Ritchie-Attell go.

As has been said repeatedly in this column, it takes a really good boxer to make Attell show up at his best. He did not show at his best last night, but he certainly gave off the heat, and all things considered, such is the view of the experienced judges in boxing present last evening.

It is true that Green did wake up once or twice and did deal a few, but very few, good, clean effective blows; but never at any time could he be said that he had Attell anywhere near distress. All the earlier rounds, up to the twelfth were Attell's, and in the nineteenth and twentieth he went after the big fellow in a manner that showed he was suffering no distress at all.

There was only one decision that the referee could have given last night and that was to declare the contest a draw. It is quite a mistake idea to hold that somebody in such contests must be a winner and that a decision one way or the other must be given for some contests taken strictly on points show absolutely even at the close, and then is one of the contestants to be robbed of his fair share of the credit merely to suit the previous arrangement that a decision must be given last night. Certainly robbed of his just due last night, according to the opinions of the best judges present.

To describe the contest in detail would be to add a superfluous act to a comedy that was rather wearisome at best.

Mrs. Newell—Bridget, we'll have tried eggs for breakfast, and—Bridget—We can't mum, there's not an egg in the house. Mrs. Newell—Well, then, just make an omelet. I like that better anyway.—Philadelphia Press.

GRIP CONVALESCENCE

There's nothing better than Scott's Emulsion after the grip. When the fever is gone the body is left weak and exhausted; the nervous system is completely run down and vitality is low.

Two things to do: give strength to the whole body and new force to the nerves. Scott's Emulsion will do it; contains just what the worn-out system needs.

Rich blood, healthy flesh, resistive force, more and better nourishment are what Scott's Emulsion supplies to the convalescent.

We'll send you a sample free upon request. SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

Valdez Island News Notes

Mining and Timber Development Are Now Going on Vigorously.

Strange Disappearance of a Well-Known Settler While Out Hunting.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Heriot Bay, Valdez Island, B. C., Nov. 14.—Read Island is only eight miles distant from the mainland, and has some enterprising settlers from Alaska. The rule of Americans across the border is not confined to the Northwest Territory, but it takes an American to find out the best spots to locate in this land of the Empire.

The first pioneer of Read Island was a veteran blacksmith, Mr. E. W. Wyllie, host of the Bardwood hotel, named after the bay in which it is situated. Five settlers followed and two more are on their way, including Mr. Wyllie's brother, and possibly his brother-in-law. His son-in-law, Mr. Steadman, with his family, have already arrived.

The valuable colonists bring their families and their household goods, 1500 miles, to find a home beneath the British flag. The school attendance has so much increased, the average lately being 15, that Mr. Wyllie has given an acre site for the ground, and placed a sound foundation on it. The department is encouraging him by the erection of a substantial weathered structure 30 feet by 34 feet, besides a corridor and bell tower designed by the donor of the site, who also gives a \$10 bell to be hung in the belfry. In the meantime the bell has been lent to the Roman Catholic church there.

Mr. Nestle, who has been one of the pioneer miners here, desires me to point out a printer's error in my report of his work. An electric light, well not be necessary to trust the ore found in this island, as it is identical with Calumet & Hecla ore found on Lake Superior. That ore was found in a volcanic rock. The fact is that Mr. Nestle has struck to his post in spite of the inclement weather. He leaves next week for his home in Seattle until next spring.

Several passengers are awaiting the Cassiar on Sunday. Among them are Mr. Duncan Macfarlane of Renfrew, Ontario, and Mr. John Quinn, of Saginaw, Michigan. These gentlemen represent an American syndicate seeking timber prospects. They have secured from forty to fifty thousand acres in the Revelstoke district, and have been desirous of covering more ground. The weather, however, has been against them, and they have been compelled to abandon their enterprise until next spring. They had a narrow escape from drowning while crossing the strait below Seymour Narrows in an Indian canoe. Mr. A. McLeod, of Vancouver, was also one of the party. The mast broke and the passengers had to use their muscular and mental powers in landing the owner of the frail craft safely on Valdez island at Gull Island, where they made their way on foot. The party arrived here on 26th October, and have been cruising ever since.

Mr. Quinn, like other American capitalists, praises our country, and the timber law, in which his party are interested. He goes further and says that he has never been treated better than by the British Columbia officials.

Timber in Michigan is nearly played out, but they use their mill machinery in other ways, says Mr. Quinn. They drill for salt to a depth of 400 feet and find brine, which they pump into a well. They then build salt blocks from 80 to 200 feet square. These are followed by rats 12 feet square and one foot above the ground level. Two-inch galvanized iron pipes are run through each rat and in place of a salt pipe, outside they utilize it through their pipes and make salt.

While at Revelstoke Mr. Quinn met Sir James Hector of New Zealand, the day before he left for Vancouver. Mr. Quinn has been appointed successor to Mr. Worthingham as teacher of the Valdez Island school. Mr. Hector, who is a brother of the provincial constable at that place, takes charge about December.

It is reported that Mr. Yeatman has been lost for three days. His eldest son Tom, who accompanied him on a shooting expedition, was found by two men on Vancouver Island above the Narrows, where he had been waiting for his father for two days. The boat and the boy's gun were also there, it is said. The men brought him across to the cove and reported the matter.

Mr. Pollock's steam launch is now out looking for the missing man, and Mr. Bull, immediately he heard of the sad report, organized an expedition, which will go to Johnson's landing place at Gull Island harbor, and assist in the search. In these wild regions no man's life is safe against the elements, but it is to be hoped that such an old and steady settler as Mr. Yeatman will yet find his bearings. Owing to the fact that his son was found as above described, it is to be feared that a serious accident may have happened.

Constable Jones arrested another man the other day for contravening the liquor law. The offence took place almost twelve months ago on 21st inst. The accused, B. Ward, was brought before Messrs. Hall and Walker, J. P.'s, at the Court last Monday, and was fined \$300 or six months imprisonment for supplying intoxicating liquors to Indians. At the time of the offence the defendants cleared out to American territory, and evidently thought the matter had been overlooked.

There is to be a change in the mail service next week. Hewitt Bay is to be the terminal point and a schedule time for the arrival and departure of the steamer is fixed. The mail service is to arrive on Friday evening.

There is to be a change of schoolmasters next month. Mr. W. H. Worthingham, having lived in warmer climates for many years, finds the climate too severe, and sent in his resignation to the trustees, which takes effect on 9th prox. Mr. Worthingham, by the way, received his South African war medal and clasp last mail from the principal ordnance officer, Woolwich, to whom all officers entitled to this honor should apply.

Constable Jones has been granted two days leave of absence. Mr. Charles Scallan, manager of Heriot Bay store during the absence of Mr. Bull, is about to start a shoe manufactory here with every promise of success.

As snow is falling from the northeast, it is expected that we are in for a heavy old-fashioned winter.

Souvenir Postcards in great variety at Hibben & Co's.

Winter Overcoats

Oxfords, Meltons, Beavers, Friezes, Fancy Coatings, in black, navy, grey and brown fabrics. All lengths all sizes, all sizes, to fit all builds at \$5.50, \$8.00, \$10, or \$12.00.

Bors' Overcoats, a fine showing at \$3, \$3.75, \$5.25 and \$6.00. Top coats too.

W. G. CAMERON

Victoria's Cheapest Cash Clothier.

55 JOHNSON ST.



We Eat Too Much

We eat too fast, we exercise too little, we overwork our nerves. The stomach and bowels get clogged. (Constipation.) The liver gets upset. (Biliousness.) And attending these two simple ailments come all kinds of diseases and complications.



Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

Nature's Laxative Water CURES ALL THESE THINGS. Dose: Half a Tumbler on Rising.

Up-to-Date Tailoring

Schaper & Reid's Broad Street. Opp Colonial Office. Splendid lines of Woolens, Serges, Pantings and Overcoatings. Suits and Overcoats for \$20 and upwards; Trousers, \$5.00. Fit absolutely guaranteed.

ENLARGEMENTS

From your Kodak Films make nice XMAS PRESENTS. Kodaks and supplies. Blue and Black ink printing. FLEMING BROS., Govt. St.

Our Latest and Crowning Success

NEVER FAIL CANCER CURE. To an Ointment. After years of research with the assistance of Dr. King, (a medical friend) we have accomplished it, and THE WESTERN MEDICINE CO. add to their remedies NEVER FAIL OINTMENT, which contains all the ingredients of their cancer cure, has already been tried by a city merchant for an obstinate eruption on a girl's face with complete success. It will, we are sure, cure all kinds of SKIN DISEASES and eruptions caused by impure blood.

For the external application in cancer treatment it will be invaluable. Sufferers should note this. Get the companies' Booklet and Prospectus at the office. WESTERN MEDICINE COMPANY, LTD. 19 Broad St.

W. JONES.

Dominion Government Auctioneer Everything Must Go

Clearance Sale

AT CITY AUCTION MART, 68 BROAD ST. TODAY 2 P. M. We are determined to clear our Mart by Xmas. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

Under instructions from Mrs. Vigor, who is leaving up housekeeping, I will sell at her residence, 85 HERALD ST. Between Douglas and Blanchard. Wednesday, Nov. 25. AT 1 P. M. SHARP. VALUABLE AND WELL KEPT Furniture, Piano, Library Etc. THIS WILL BE A BIG SALE OF EX-CELLENT GOODS. If we are unable to finish on Wednesday, the sale will be continued on Thursday afternoon. Particulars Sunday. W. T. Hardaker Auctioneer.

PROTECT YOUR EYES

The attention we give your eyes will insure you the greatest amount of enjoyment in the use of them. Whether at work or in recreation, the eyes are most important to you. We fit you with lenses that are exactly what you require, and with frames that are beautiful. See Mr. A. P. Blyth, optician and give you pleasure in seeing.

A. P. BLYTH,

Scientific Optician and Jeweler. 85 Fort St. Near Douglas.

We are Sole Agents for the Products of the Famous

AEOLIAN COMPANY

Which include the Orchestrelle Pianola

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88 Government St.

FIGURES TELL THE TALE

From January 1st to November 1st, 1903, the Importation of G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry

Into the United States reached the enormous quantity of 96411 cases, or about one-third of the total importations, which was 23384 cases. This is sufficient evidence of the popularity of this justly celebrated Champagne.

Pither & Leiser

VICTORIA, B. C. IMPORTERS VANCOUVER, B. C.



Diamonds and Precious Stones

For Xmas and Wedding Gifts.

In this department of our business we show a large variety of all the latest novelties produced. If you desire anything in the line of Pins, Pendants, Brooches, Rings, etc., you can find it at Wenger's at most reasonable prices, and the highest quality of design and workmanship.

J. WENGER,

Direct Importer of Diamonds and Precious Stones. 80 Government St., near Bank of Montreal.

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT

On account of a change in the business we will sell our entire stock at this rate for the next two months, giving our customers the full advantage of all the new season's goods.

This Offer Is For Cash Only.

Mrs. W. Bickford,

61 and 63 FORT STREET


RAIN COATS

Umbrellas

New Suits for Men

ARTHUR HOLMES

78 YATES STREET, CORNER BROAD



Are you Looking for a First-Class RANGE?

If so, call and examine the Great Majestic steel and malleable iron Range, which are noted for their fine workmanship and splendid cooking qualities. A full line carried by

G POWELL & CO.,

Cheapside, 127 Gov't Street

SKIRTS AND BLOUSES

See the Window

MRS. M. A. VIGOR

88 YATES STREET

ALBION IRON WORKS CO., LIMITED

Stove Dept. Tel. 708

Having opened a showroom at 81 Douglas street, have now on view a large and varied assortment of

Ranges, Stoves, Heaters, Grates. Etc.

All of which are manufactured in Victoria. When in need of a Range drop in and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

DINNEFORD'S

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

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BY LATEST METHODS.

Half-Tone, Zinc Etching, Color Work. Drawings prepared by clever artists of machinery or articles, which cannot be photographed. Designs for Catalogues, Book-covers, letters, letter heads and envelopes.

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